

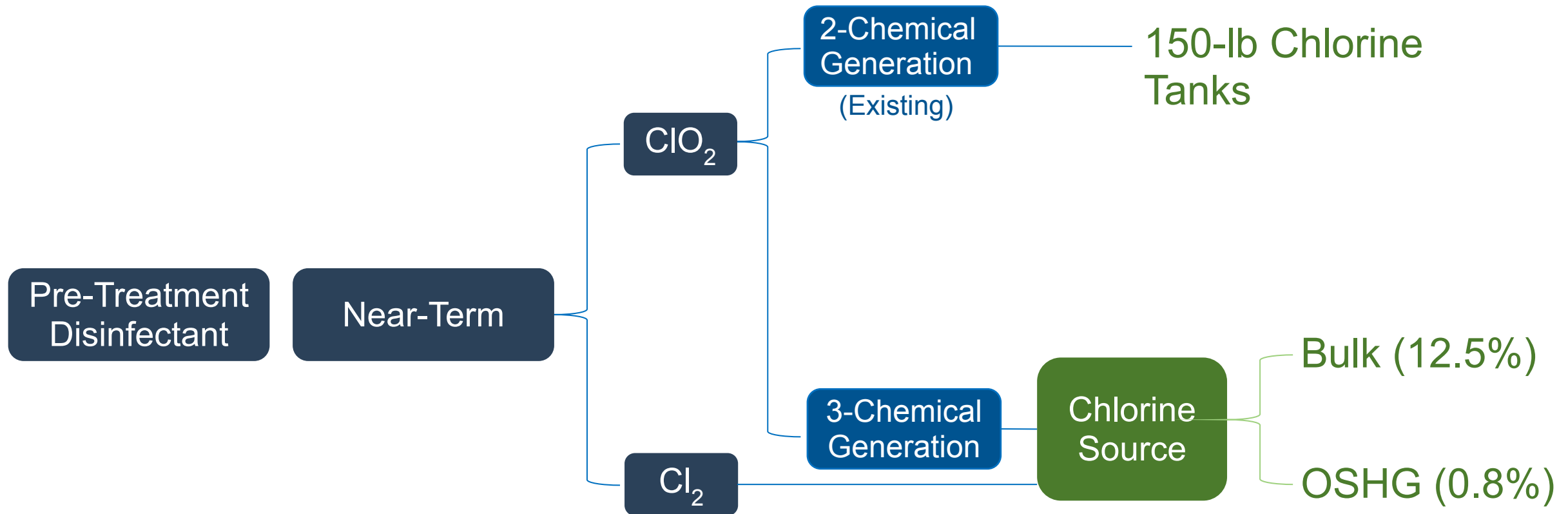
DIALING IN ON DISINFECTION: Part 2

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PNWS AWWA | MAY 2025



// Chlorine Source & Pre-treatment Disinfection Alternatives



DETAILED INFORMATION OF ALTERNATIVES



// Common Criteria

Parameter	Units	Minimum	Average	Maximum
Flow	MGD	4	10	24
Chlorine Dose by Process				
Chlorine Dioxide	mg/L	0.055	0.44	0.715
Pre-Chlorine	mg/L	0.2	0.5	1.0
Disinfection	mg/L	1.0	2.5	3.0
Total Chlorine Dose	mg/L	1.3	3.4	4.7
Chlorine Dioxide Use	mg/L	0.1	0.8	1.3
Ozone Dose				
Pre-Oxidation and Algal Toxins	mg/L	0.5	1.0	2.5
Contact Time	minutes	4		
Disinfection and T&O	mg/L	0.5	2.0	4.0
Contact Time	minutes	10		

// Economic Criteria – AACE Class 5 Estimate

Capital Costs

- Major facilities and process equipment
- Parametric assumptions for construction costs for: buildings, contactors, excavation, site work, and piping.
- Multiplier for Electrical and I&C
- Indirect costs quantified as multipliers:
 - Contractor Overhead and Profit
 - Sales Tax
 - General Conditions
 - Scope Contingency
 - Engineering and Administration

// Economic Criteria – AACE Class 5 Estimate **O&M and Lifecycle Costs**

- Major chemicals based on average doses
- Major power uses
- Maintenance (2% of equipment)

- 20-year lifecycle
- Interest Rate: 7%
- Inflation Rate: 5%
- Present Worth Factor = 15.72

// Non-Economic Criteria

Criteria	Description	Weight
Safety	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Risk to WTP staff• Risk to WTP neighbors and community	1.2
Resilience / Reliability / Redundancy (RRR)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Reliability and resilience to chemical supply disruptions• System and major equipment resilience to natural disasters• Redundancy to meet CT requirements	1.1
O&M Complexity	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ease of operation and maintenance• Minimizes efforts required to comply with safety regulations	0.8
Environmental & Social	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Minimizes potential harm and impacts to environment• Maximizes efficient use of resources (chemical use, energy use, transportation and hauling)	0.8
Implementation Flexibility	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Easier integration with existing WTP infrastructure and future operations• Easier capacity expansion• Minimize stranded investment for future WTP	1.1
Water Quality	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Multibarrier to water quality risks	1.0

Chlorine Source Alternatives

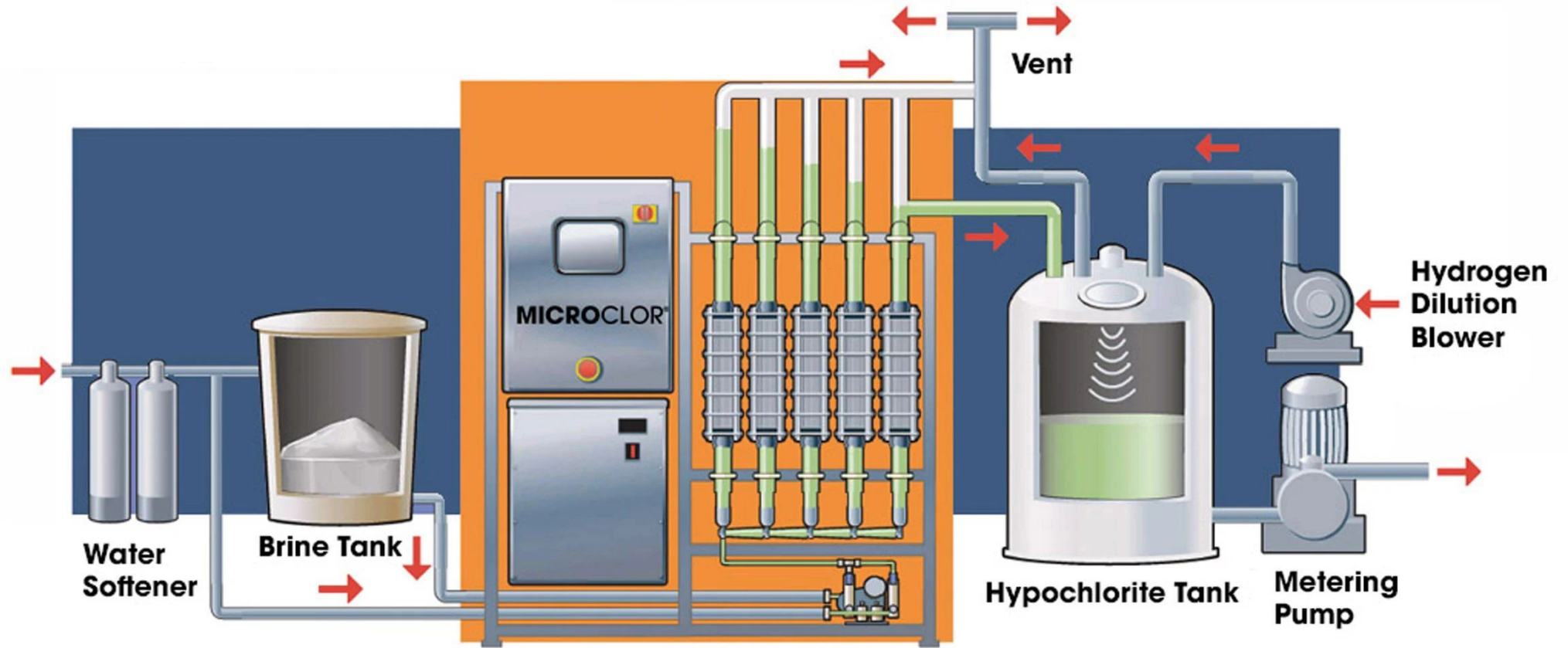
// Bulk Hypochlorite (12.5%) Design Criteria

Category	Units	Quantity
Number of Tanks	No.	2
Storage Size	gallons	6,000
Total Storage ⁽¹⁾	days	43
Truck Deliveries per Month ⁽¹⁾	No.	0.7
Chlorine Dioxide Metering Pumps ⁽²⁾	No.	2 (1+1)
Pre-Chlorine Metering Pumps ⁽²⁾	No.	2 (1+1)
Finished Water Metering Pumps ⁽²⁾	No.	2 (1+1)

- 1) At average flow and average dose
- 2) All metering pumps are peristaltic and assumed to be in a duty + standby configuration.



// On-Site Sodium Hypochlorite Generation (OSHG)

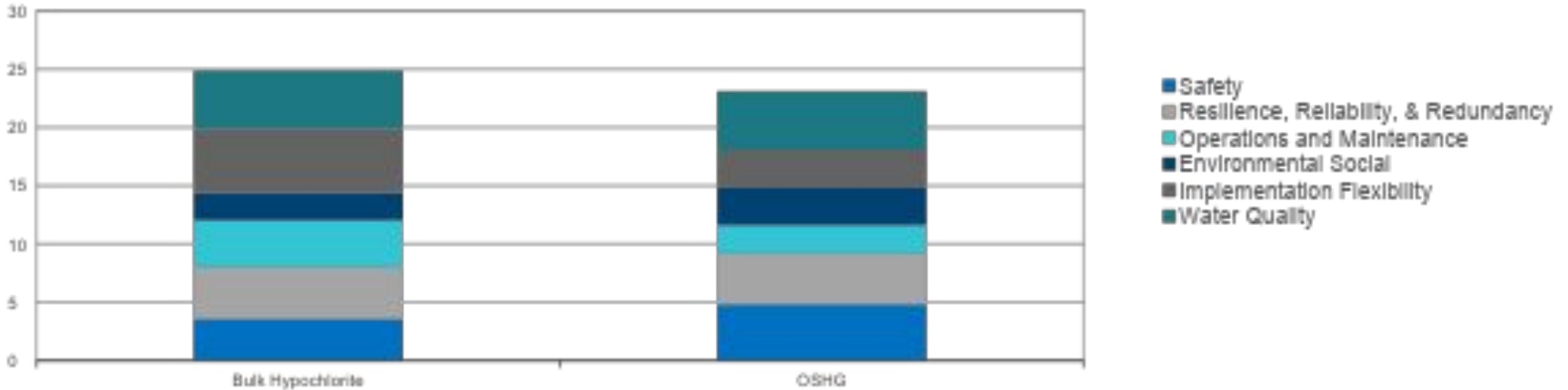


// OSHG (0.8%) Design Criteria

Category	Units	Quantity
Number of Generators	No.	2 (1+1)
Generator Capacity	ppd	1,000
Hypochlorite Storage Tank	No.	2
Hypochlorite Storage Size	gallons	6,000
Total Hypochlorite Storage	days	3
Brine Storage Tank	No.	1
Brine Storage Size	tons	30
Total Brine Storage	days	70
Truck Deliveries per Month	No.	0.45
Chlorine Dioxide Metering Pumps	No.	2 (1+1)
Pre-Chlorine Metering Pumps	No.	2 (1+1)
Finished Water Metering Pumps	No.	3 (2+1)



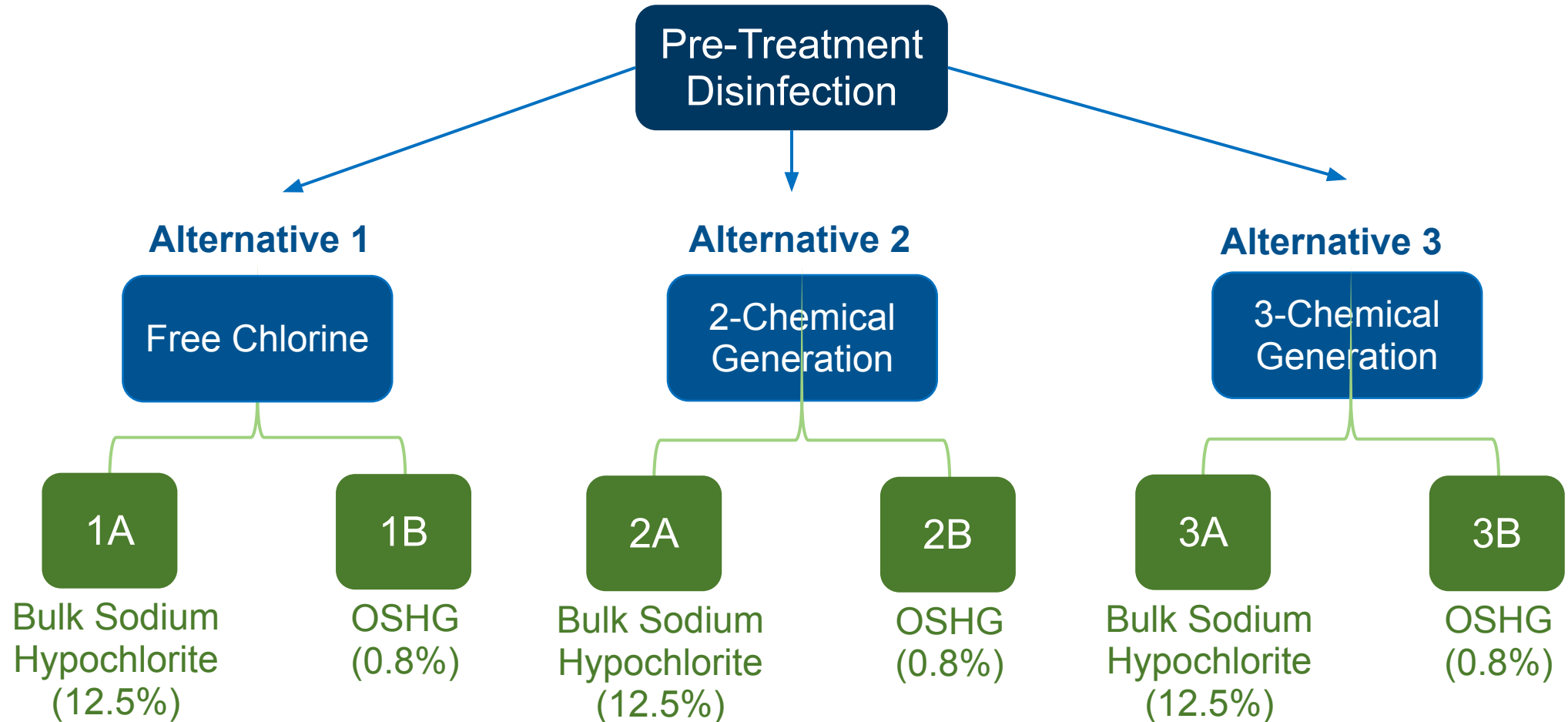
// Non-Economic Considerations



- Bulk hypochlorite
 - Higher scores in O&M and Implementation Flexibility
 - Higher overall score
- OSHG
 - Higher scores in Safety and Environmental/Social Impact

Near-Term Pre-Treatment Disinfection Alternatives & Chlorine Source Alternatives

// Alternative Overview



// Alternative Overview

Alternative	1A	1B	2A	2B	3A	3B
Pre-Treatment Disinfection	Free Chlorine	Free Chlorine	Chlorine Dioxide (2-Chemical)	Chlorine Dioxide (2-Chemical)	Chlorine Dioxide (3-Chemical)	Chlorine Dioxide (3-Chemical)
Chlorine Source	Bulk Hypochlorite	OSHG	Bulk Hypochlorite	OSHG	Bulk Hypochlorite	OSHG
Existing Chemicals	-	-	Sodium chlorite	Sodium chlorite	Sodium chlorite	Sodium chlorite
Additional Chemicals	12.5% sodium hypochlorite	Salt	12.5% sodium hypochlorite 150-lb chlorine cylinders	Salt 150-lb chlorine cylinders	12.5% sodium hypochlorite Hydrochloric acid (HCl)	Salt Hydrochloric acid (HCl)
Notes	All chemicals stored in new chlorine building	All chemicals stored in new chlorine building	Sodium chlorite and 150-lb cylinders stored in existing building; bulk hypochlorite stored in new building	Sodium chlorite and 150-lb cylinders stored in existing building; OSHG and storage in new building	Sodium chlorite stored in existing building; bulk hypochlorite and HCl stored in new building	Sodium chlorite stored in existing building; OSHG and HCl stored in new building

// Free Chlorine

• Alternative 1A

- 12.5% bulk sodium hypochlorite as free chlorine source

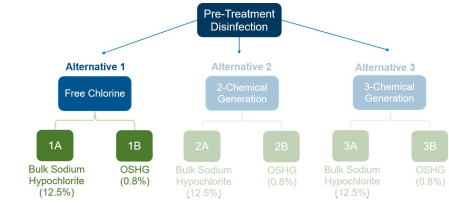
Category	Units	Quantity
Number of Tanks	No.	2
Storage Size	gal	6,000
Total Storage	days	43
Pre-Chlorine Metering Pumps	No.	2 (1+1)
Finished Water Metering Pumps	No.	2 (1+1)

• Alternative 1B

- 0.8% sodium hypochlorite generated on-site as free chlorine source

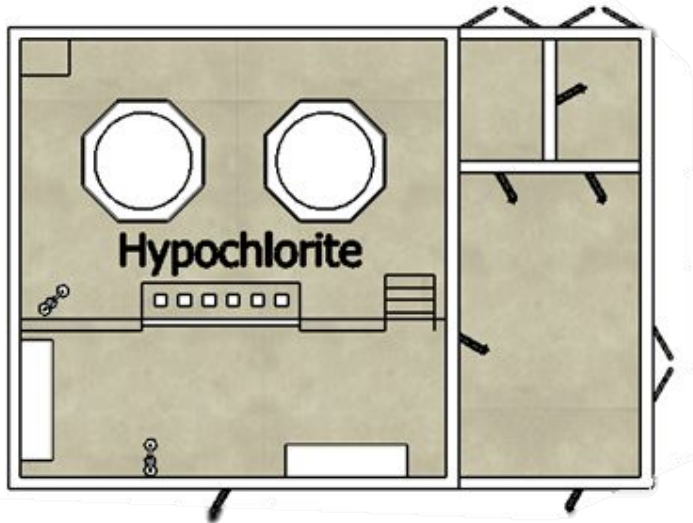
Category	Units	Quantity
Number of Generators	No.	2 (1+1)
Generator Capacity	ppd	1,000
Hypochlorite Storage Tank	No.	2
Hypochlorite Storage Size	gal	6,000
Total Hypochlorite Storage	days	3

Category	Units	Quantity
Brine Storage Tank	No.	1
Brine Storage Size	tons	30
Total Brine Storage	days	70

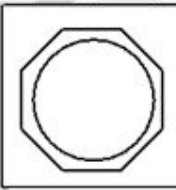
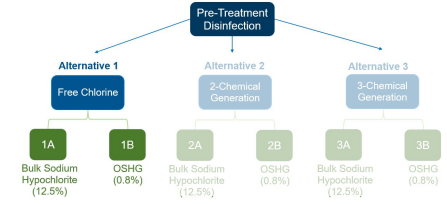
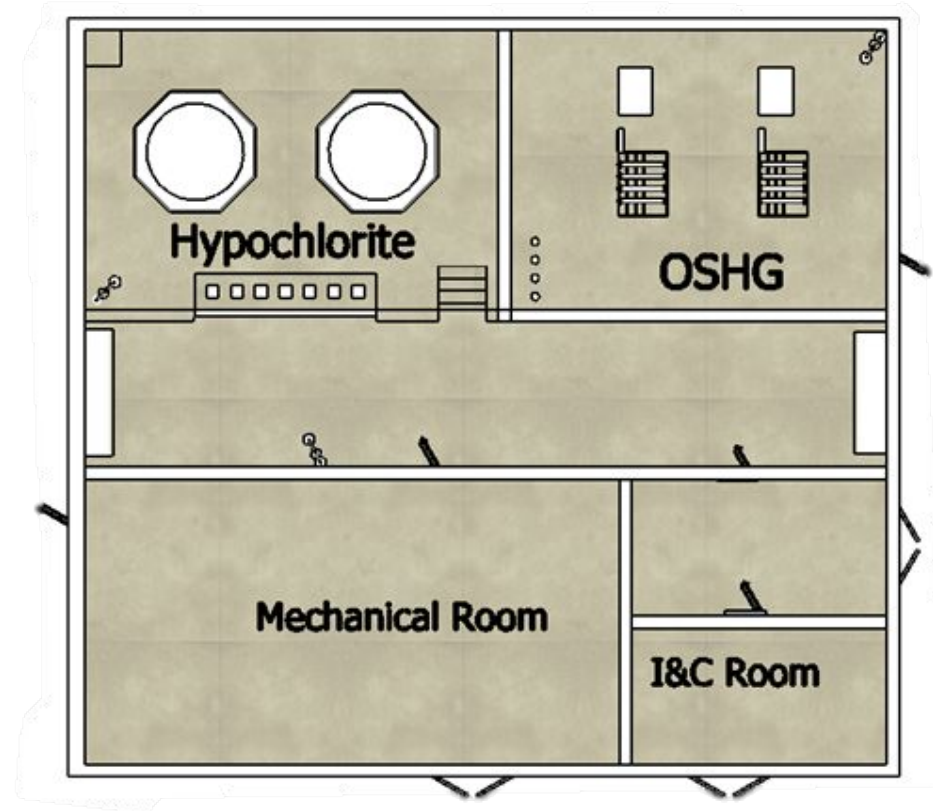


// Free Chlorine

- Alternative 1A – 1,715 sq. ft.



- Alternative 1B – 3,795 sq. ft.



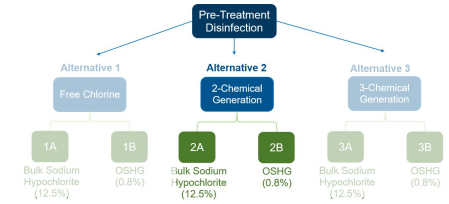
// Chlorine Dioxide (2-Chemical System)

- Alternative 2:
 - Replace one-ton cylinders with nine 150-lb cylinders in the existing storage room
 - Use existing 2-chemical chlorine dioxide generation system:
 - $2 \text{ NaClO}_2 + \text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{ ClO}_2 + 2 \text{ NaCl}$



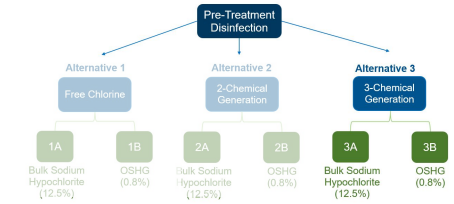
Category	Units	Quantity
Number of Tanks	No.	9
Storage Size	lbs.	150
Total Storage (1)	days	45
Number of ClO ₂ Generators	No.	2
ClO ₂ Capacity	ppd	220

1) Storage of chlorine gas is based on average and maximum chlorine dioxide usage



// Chlorine Dioxide (3-Chemical System)

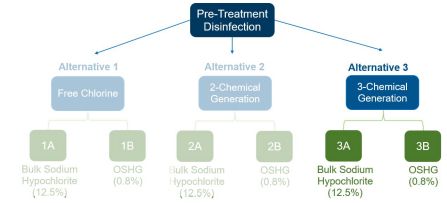
- Alternative 3:
 - Replace existing generators
 - Use a 3-chemical chlorine dioxide generation system:
 - $2 \text{ NaClO}_2 + \text{NaOCl} + 2\text{HCl} \rightarrow 2 \text{ ClO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} + 3 \text{ NaCl}$



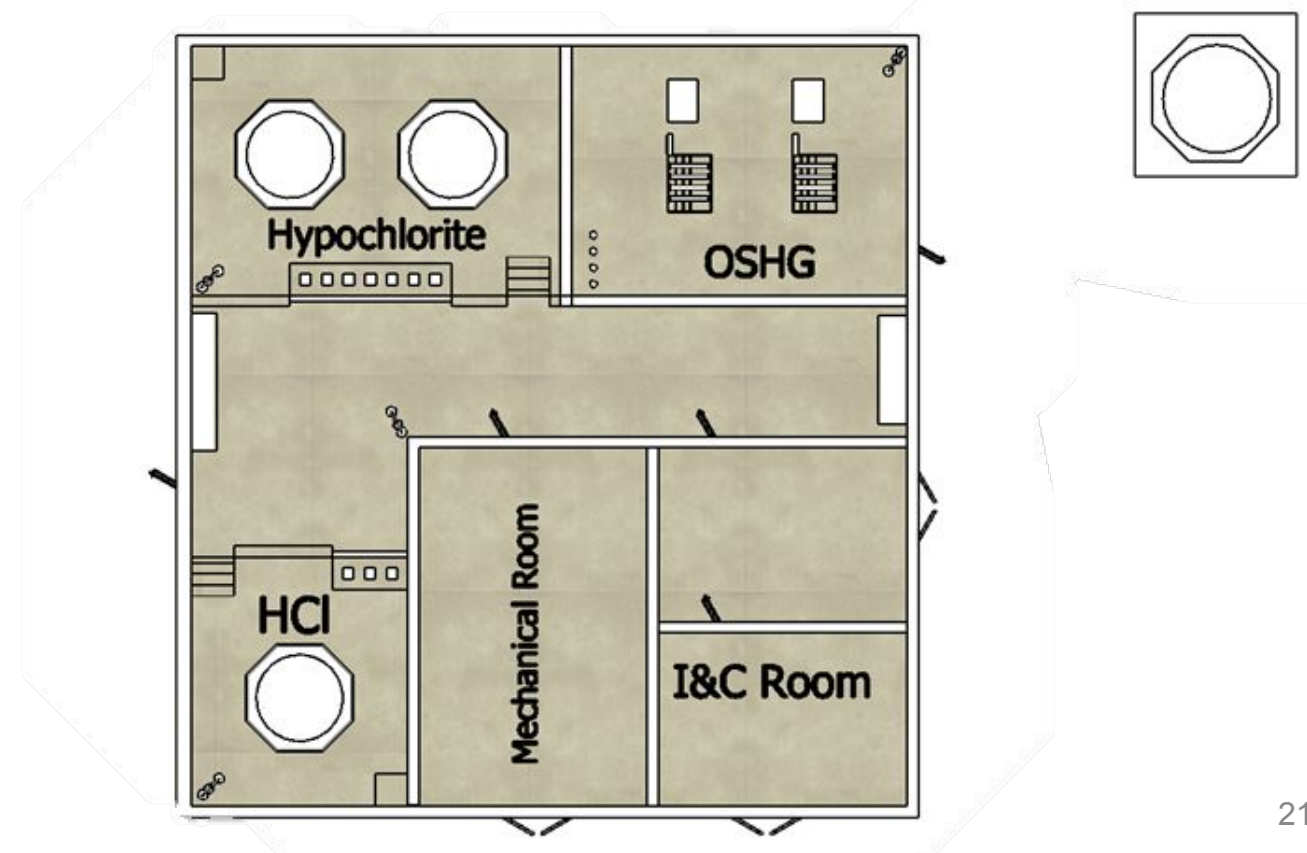
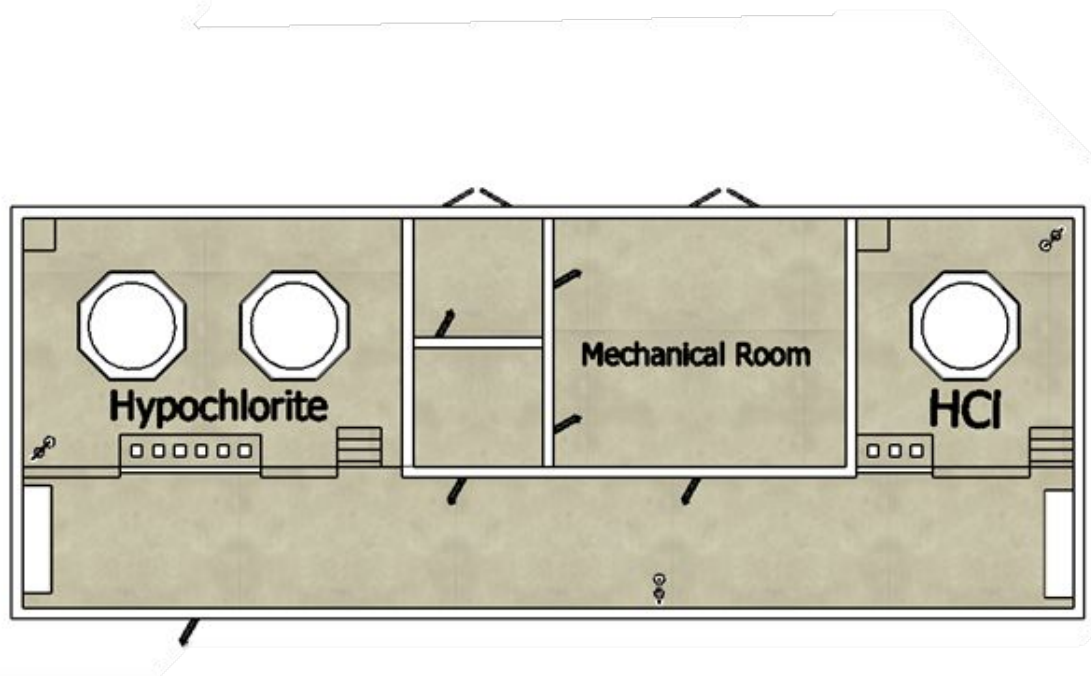
Category	Units	Quantity
HCl Total Storage	gallons	3,500
Total HCl Storage	days	132
Sodium Chlorite Total Storage	gallons	7,000
Number of ClO ₂ Generators	No.	2
ClO ₂ Capacity	ppd	220

- 1) Storage of HCl is at the average dose of ClO₂ and average flow

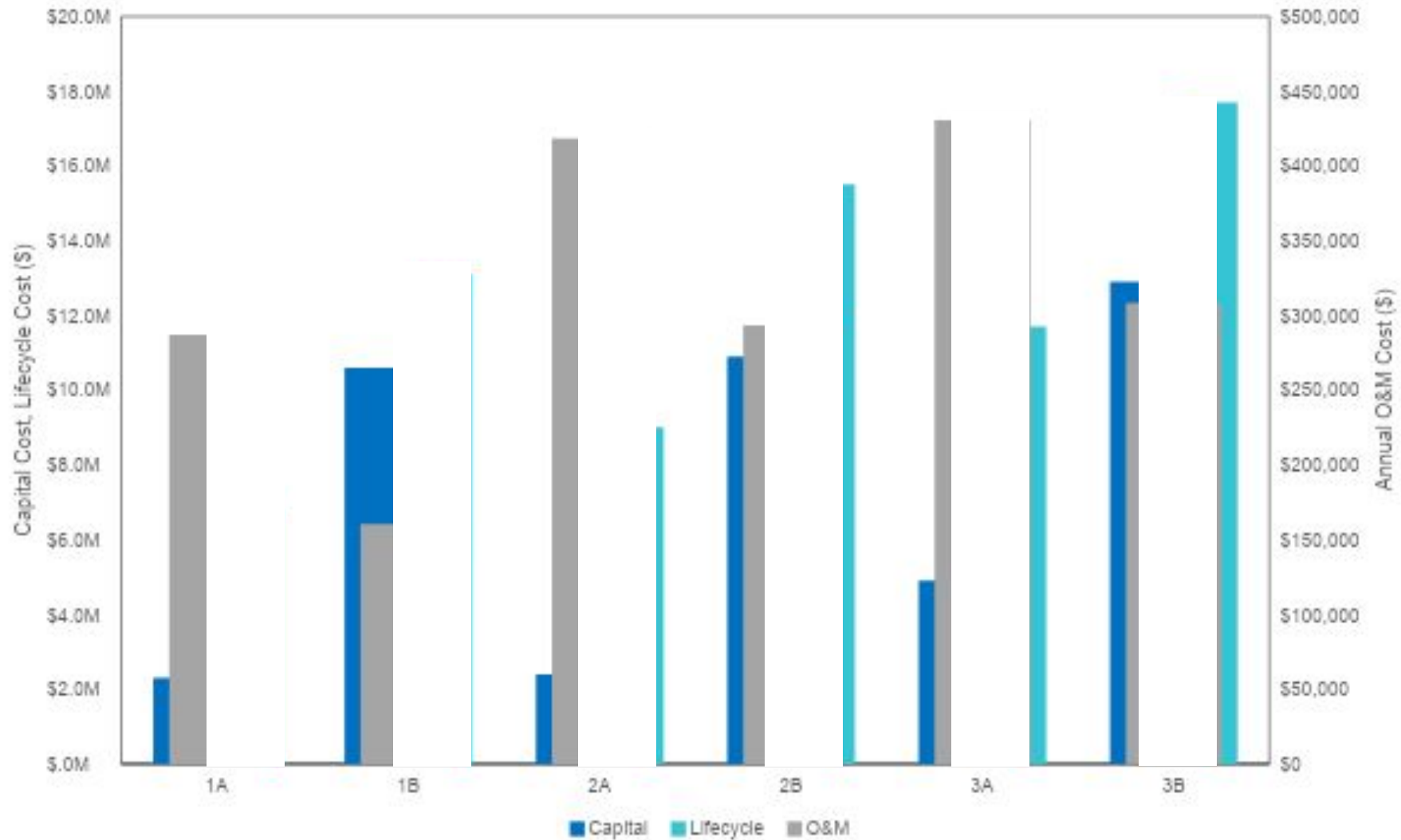
// Chlorine Dioxide (3-Chemical System)



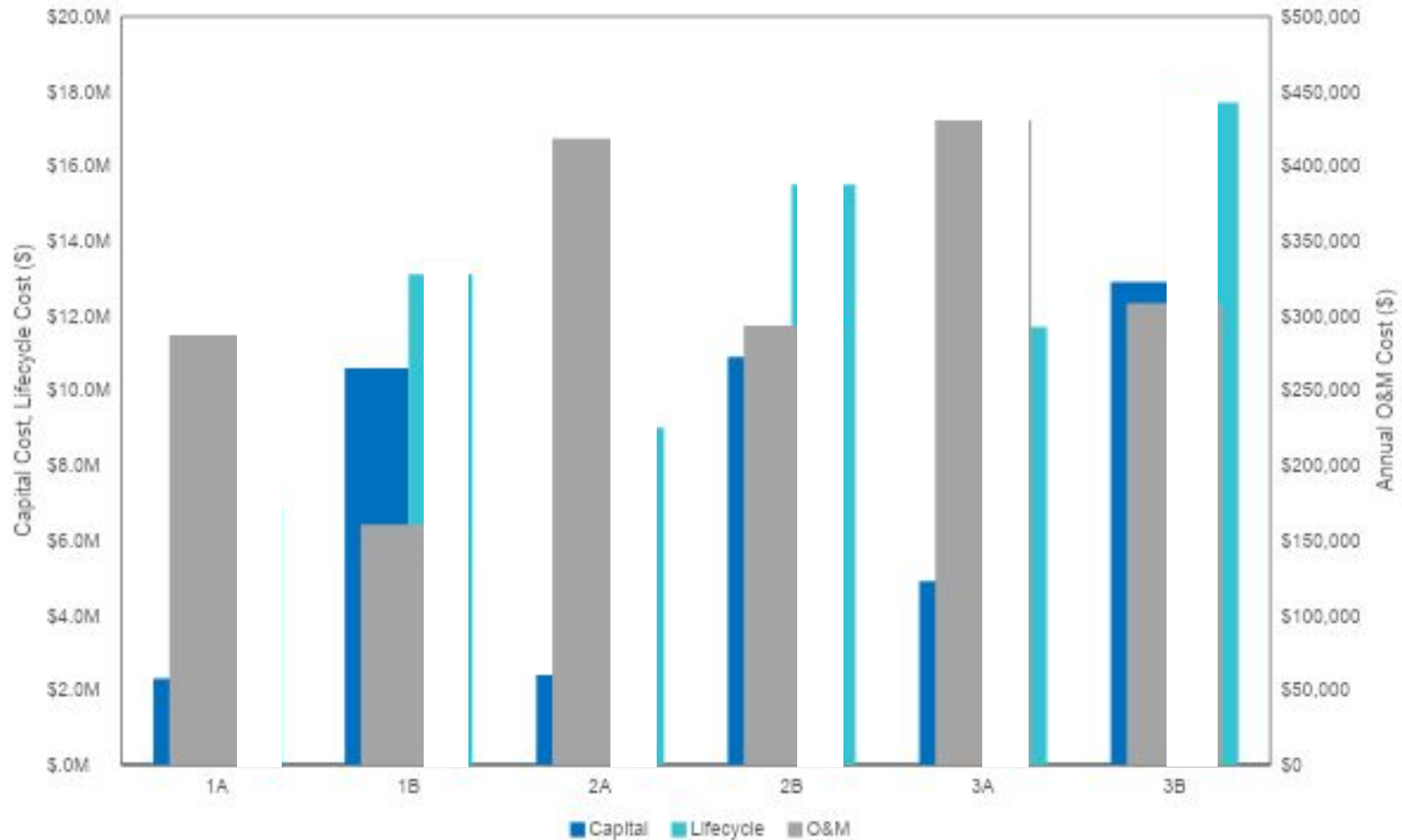
- Alternative 3A – 3,492 sq. ft.
 - Combined with 12.5% bulk sodium hypochlorite disinfection option
- Alternative 3B – 4,422 sq. ft.
 - Combined with OSHG (0.8%) disinfection option



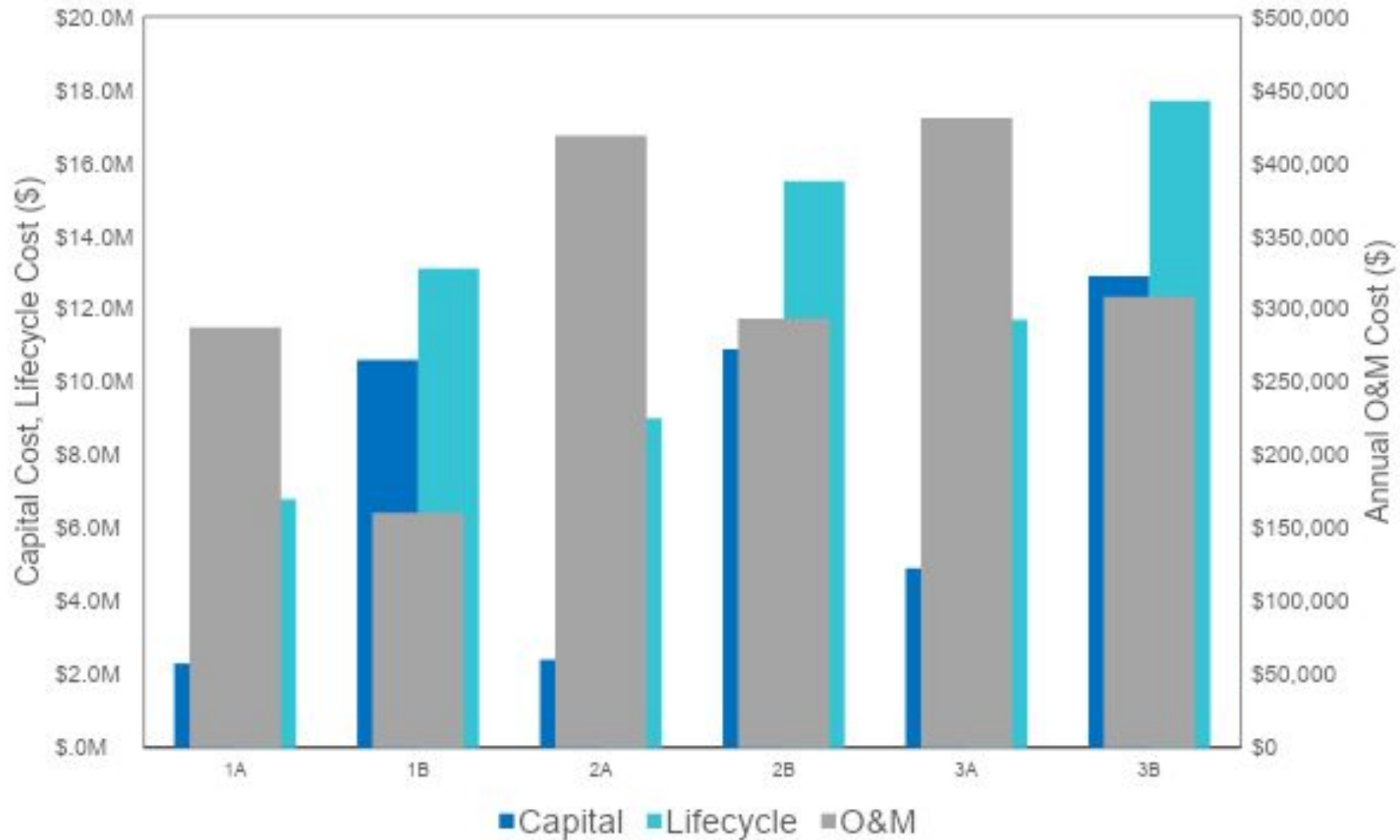
// Cost Comparison



// Cost Comparison

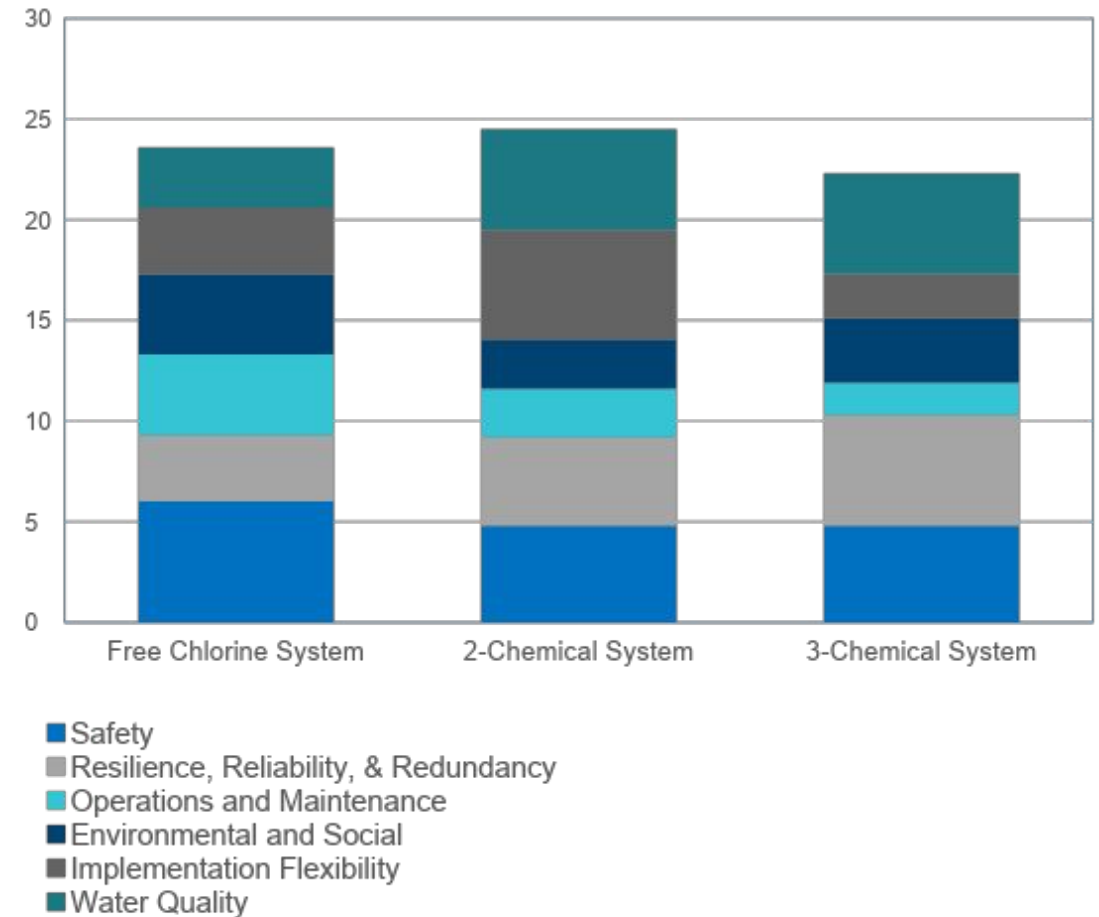


// Cost Comparison



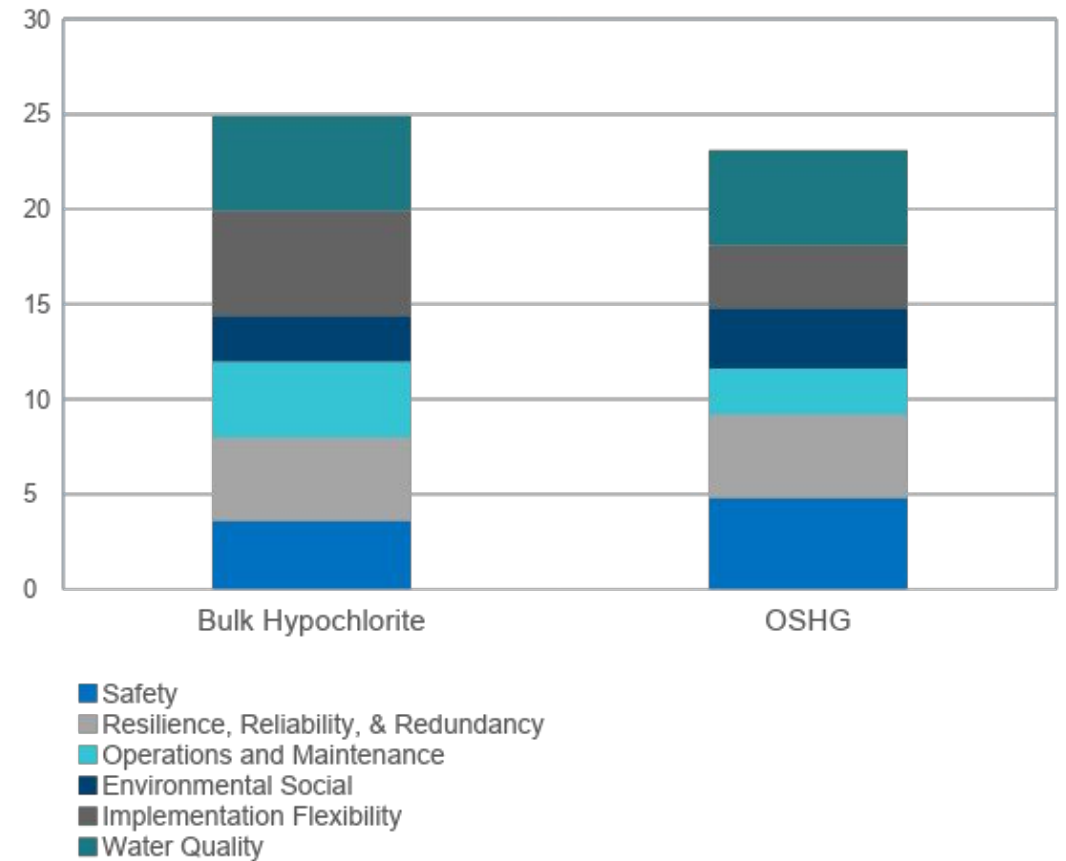
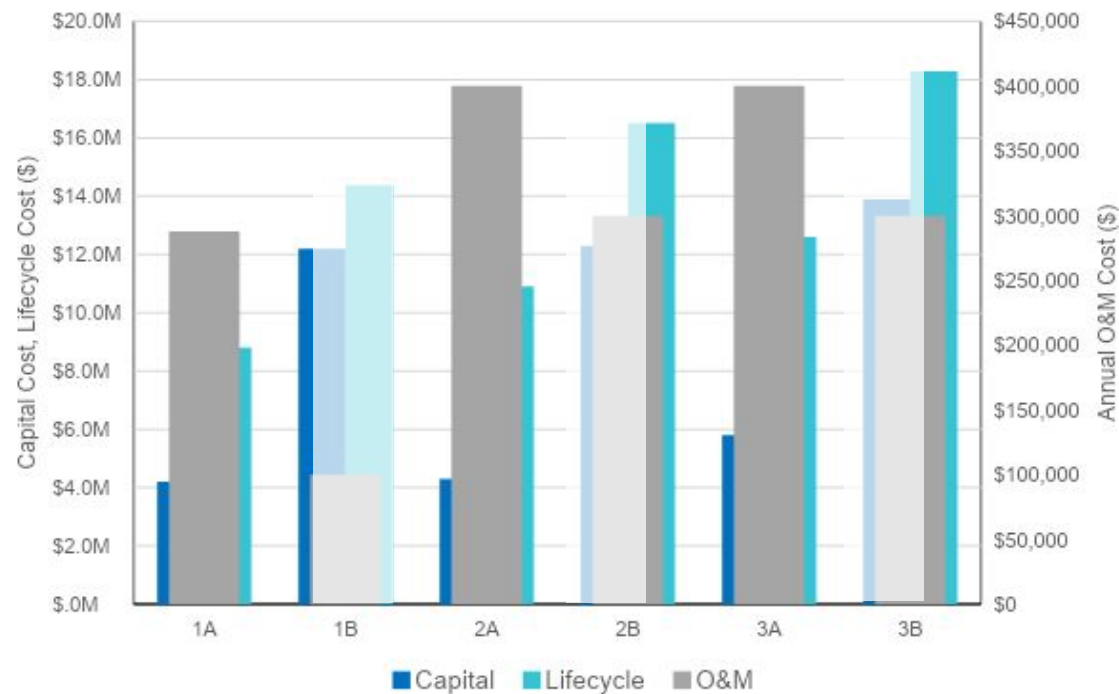
// Non-Economic Evaluation

- Free Chlorine
 - Higher scores in Safety, O&M, and Environmental and Social Impact
- 2-Chemical System
 - Higher scores in Implementation Flexibility and Water Quality
 - Highest score overall
- 3-Chemical System
 - Higher scores in RRR and Water Quality



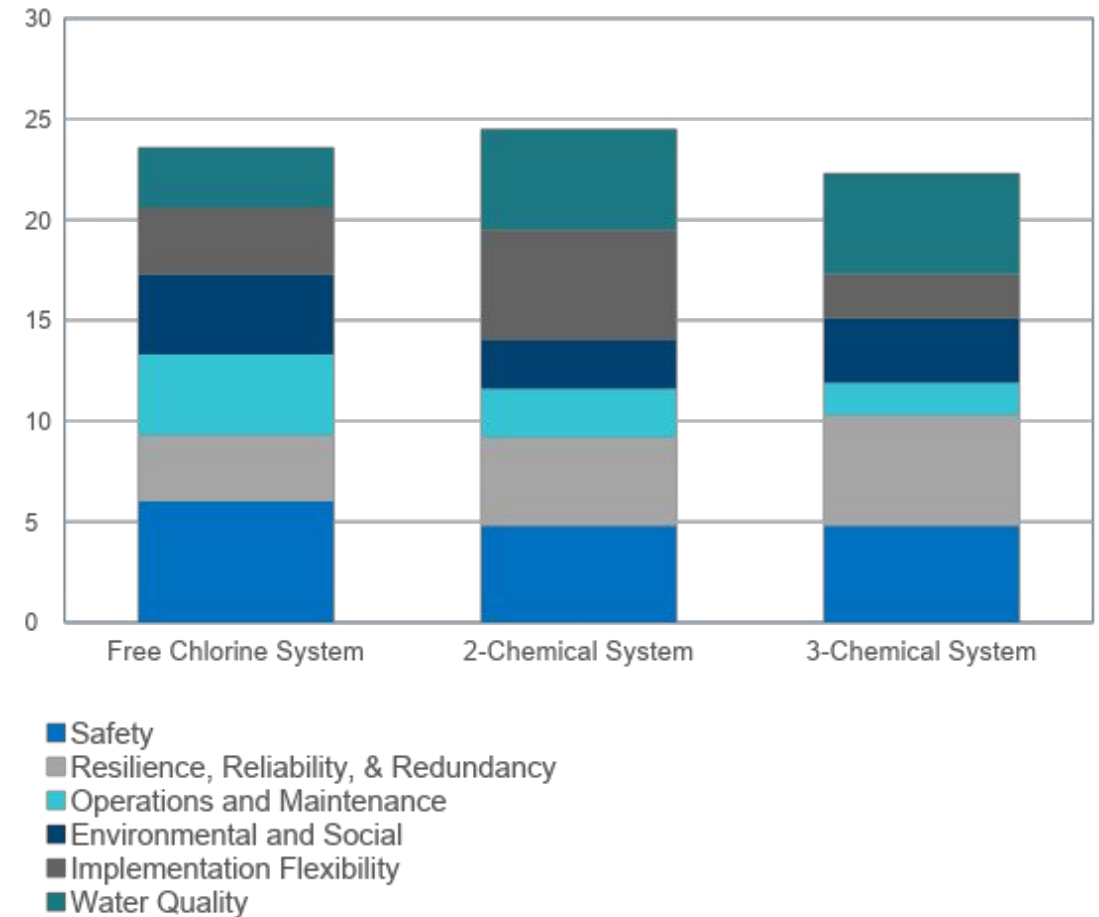
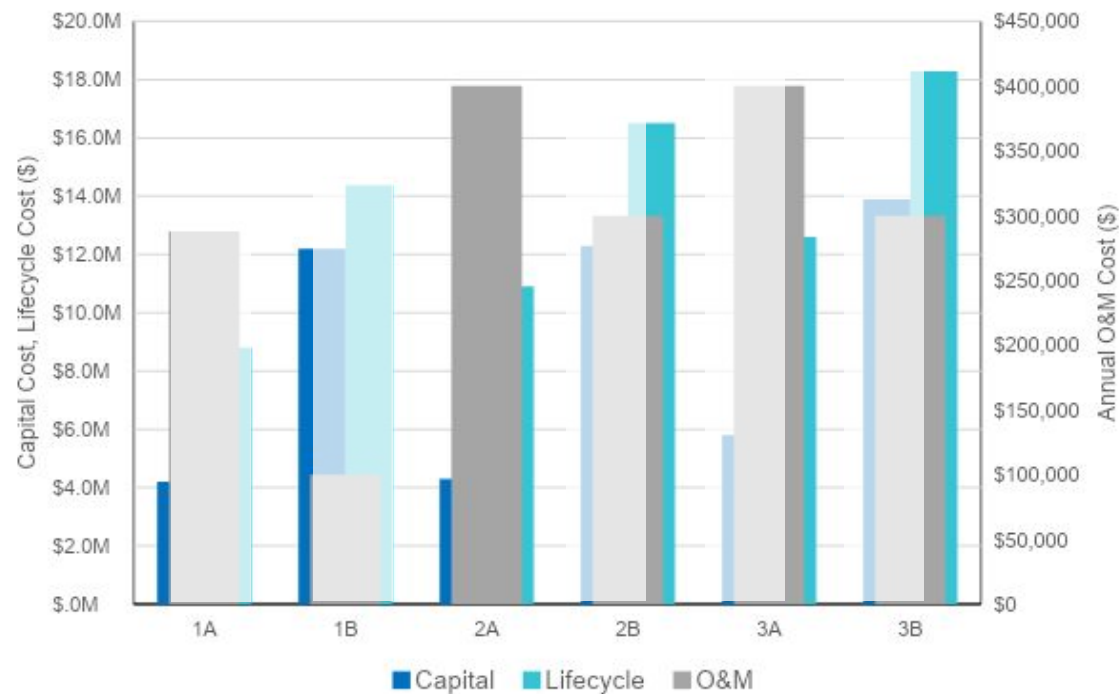
// Near-Term Pre-treatment Disinfection Alternatives

- Applying the non-economic scores of the chlorine supply alternatives to the near-term pre-treatment alternatives.

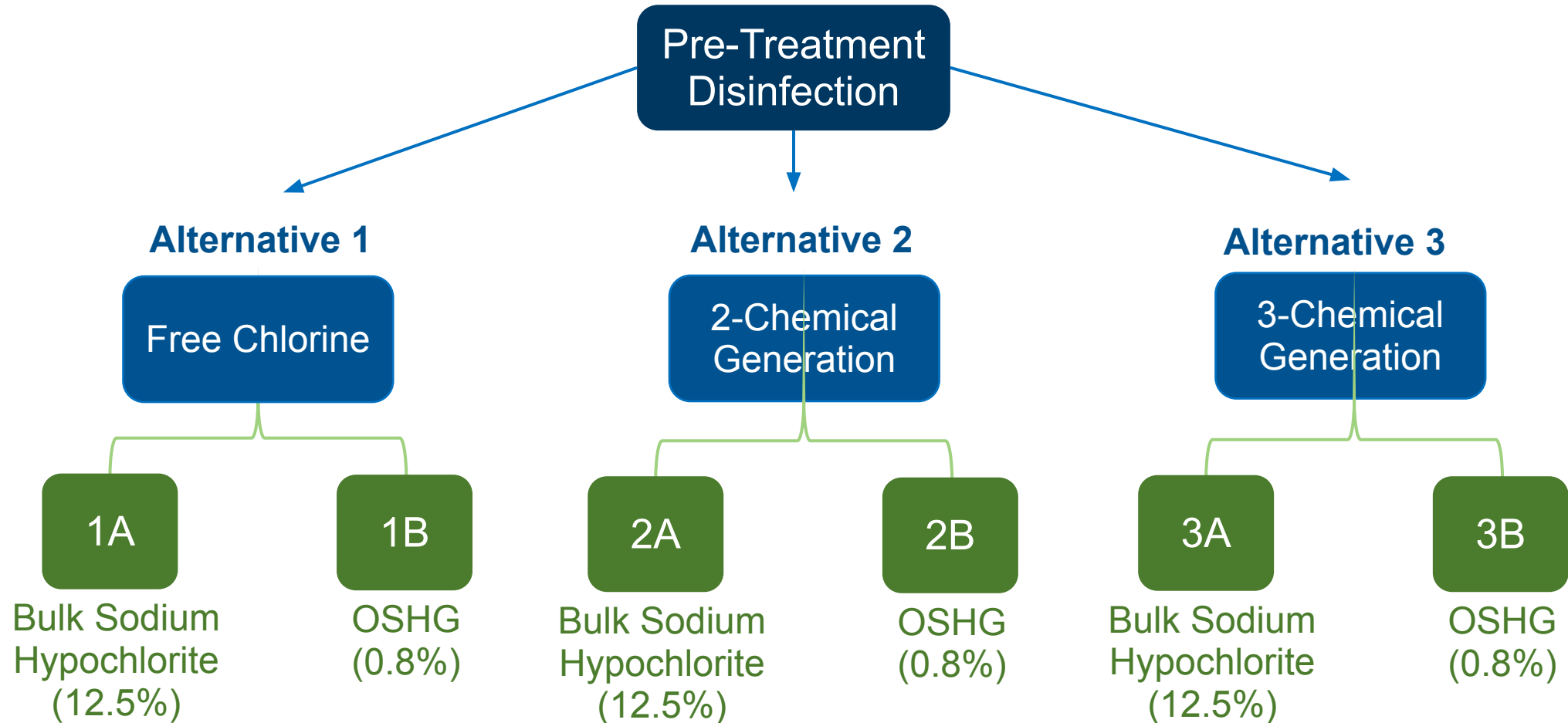


// Near-Term Pre-treatment Disinfection Alternatives

- Applying the non-economic scores of the near-term pre-treatment alternatives.
- Any other factors that should be considered?

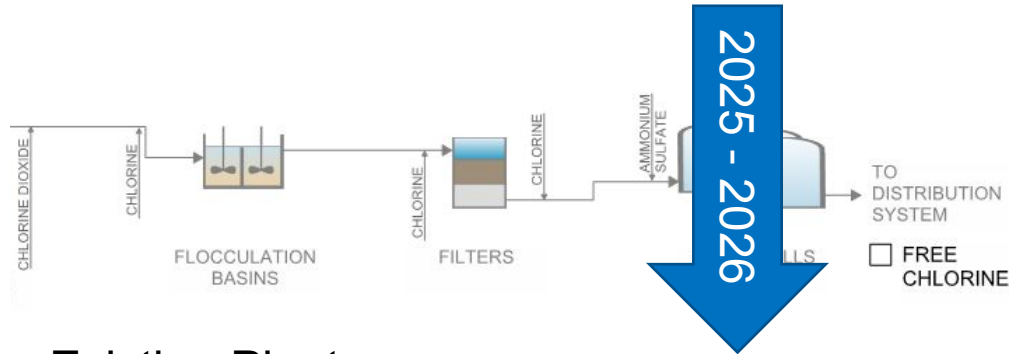


// Alternative Overview

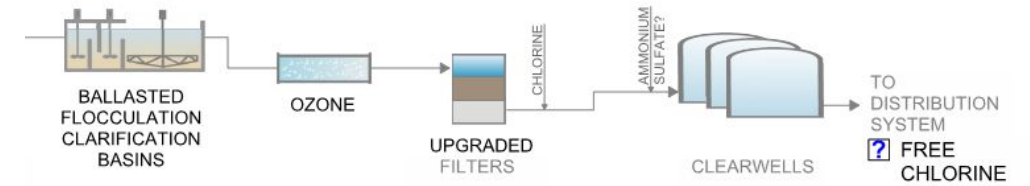


Alternative Selection and Phasing

// Pathways for Implementation



Existing Plant



Future Plant

2-chemical w/ small Cl_2 gas tanks

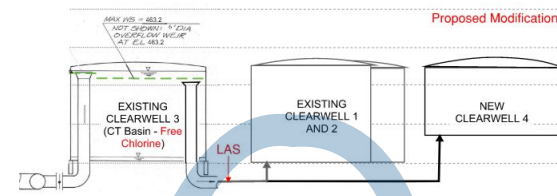
ClO_2

Bulk Hypo Facility

ClO_2

NH_4Cl

NH_4Cl

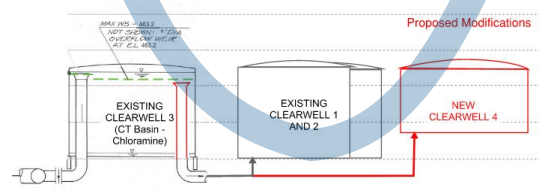


Cl_2

O_3

Cl_2

Cl_2 or NH_4Cl



Hydraulic Improvements /

Clearwell 4

Decision on ozone design

type (for power needs)

QUESTIONS

