## Communicating about PFAS While Maintaining Public Trust

Libby Barg Bakke

Nicki Pozos, PhD, PE



STRATEGIC PLANNING & COMMUNICATIONS



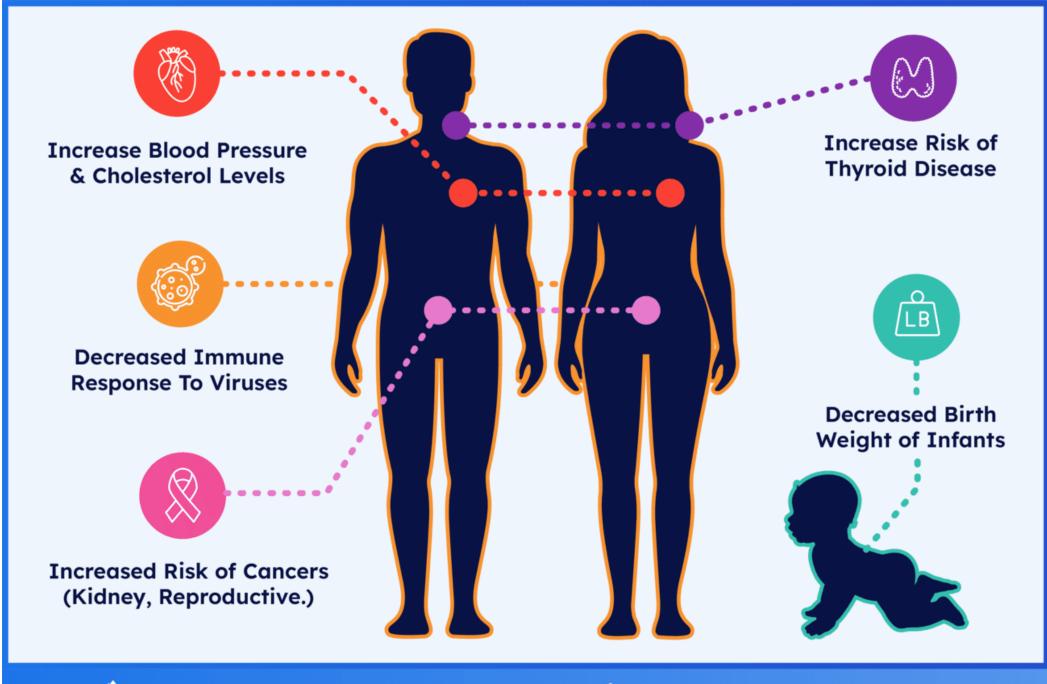
## PollEv.com/click



### How are you feeling today? (Words and emojis work!)

# How do you feel when you read the following information about PFAS?

#### What we know... **PFAS in Drinking Water** There are thousands of different per-andpolyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS). Because of their widespread use, these manmade chemicals What are the risks? can sometimes be found in drinking water. Most of what is known about the human health effects of PFAS exposure is based on studies of two chemicals, perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) Long-Term Health Risks and Associated and perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS). These PFOS PFOA **Drinking Water Guidelines** chemicals have been detected in some Illinois Nanograms per liter (ng/L)\* drinking water supplies above levels of concern. There are potential health risks within a wide range Low birth weights <-----70 70-----> Low birth weights of PFAS concentrations. EPA EPA Health Advisory Health Advisory Developmental Other possible health effects **4**-----21 alterations ATSDR<sup>2</sup>Screening Value 14-----> Developmental delays Increased cholesterol/triglycerides Illinois EPA Liver damage Health Advisory Increased risk of ulcerative colitis Disruption to thyroid hormones · Decreased fertility in women Increased cancer e..... 0.6 High blood pressure during pregnancy risk Kidney, breast, or testicular cancers Illinois EPA Decreased vaccine Health Advisory effectiveness EPA Interim Health Advisory Decreased vaccine <----· 0.004 effectiveness Should I test my well for PFAS? EPA Interim Health Advisory If you live near a community \*rgA + parts per trillon (ppt) where PFAS have been detected U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry in the community water supply or a site where PFAS may have been released, you should What can I do about PFAS? consider testing your well for PFAS. IDPH or your local health department can provide Health Care Treatment assistance. PFAS can be removed by: Talk to your physician about a PFAS detection in your 10 **Carbon Filtration** water supply. They may Kitchen faucet assess the need for: Questions Fridge · Pitcher A blood test for PFAS Whole-home **Contact Us:** Specific wellness exams **IDPH Toxicology** Reverse Osmosis System They may also provide · Under kitchen sink guidance on reducing your Phone: 217-782-5830 Whole home PFAS exposure. Email: DPH.Tox@illinois.gov PARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH This fact sheet was made possible by a cooperative agreement (program #TS20-2001) from the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR). Its contents are solely the responsibility of the IDPH Environmental Health Toxicology section and do not necessarily represent the official views of the ATSDR or the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.



AQUALITE US

Health Effects of PFAS Chemicals In Water

www.aqualiteus.com

#### The **PROBLEMS** with **PFAS** тохіс HOW DOES IT GET INTO OUR BODIES? HEALTH PROBLEMS LINKED TO PFAS Kidney and testicular Higher cholesterol High blood pressure and cancer pre-eclampsia **Cooking with** Products containing PFAS nonstick pans Lower Decreased infant birth vaccine weights response in children PFAS **PFAS-contaminated PFAS** in air • Short for per- and food and water and dust polyfluoroalkyl substances, chemicals used in products such as non-stick cookware, food packaging, water-resistant clothing, and stain-resistant carpeting • Also called 'forever chemicals,' they can take up to 1,000 years to break down in nature WHAT CAN WE DO? Q 10 INDIVIDUALS - avoid products with PFAS and ask policymakers to limit or ban its use HEALTH PROFESSIONALS - advise patients on how to avoid PFAS and support limits on its use BUSINESSES - phase out use of PFAS and avoid non-essential uses POLICYMAKERS – limit or ban PFAS









## TIPS FOR INFANTS



Thinking about planning for or even welcoming a new baby into your family? Every new parent wants to make the best preparations for their baby's healthy development and growth. Here's one more suggestion: check out possible exposure to **PFAS chemicals** – think nonstick, stain resistant, and waterproof/resistant.

BEFORE PREGNANCY: Test water supply for PFAS Install a water filter if needed Avoid PFAS-containing

PRODUCTS

DURING PREGNANCY: VINIT USE OF NONSTICK. STAIN RESISTANT. WATERPROOF, AND GREASEPROOF ITEMS CHECK INFANT BEDDING, CLOTHES,

AND TOY LABELS

POSTNATAL: Follow CDC breastfeeding Guidelines Use filtered water with Formula Keep Baby and Family up to date on vaccines Control Dust: Vacuum regularly

# Which one of these info graphics makes you the most worried about PFAS?

# Which one of these info graphics makes you feel more informed about PFAS--less worried?

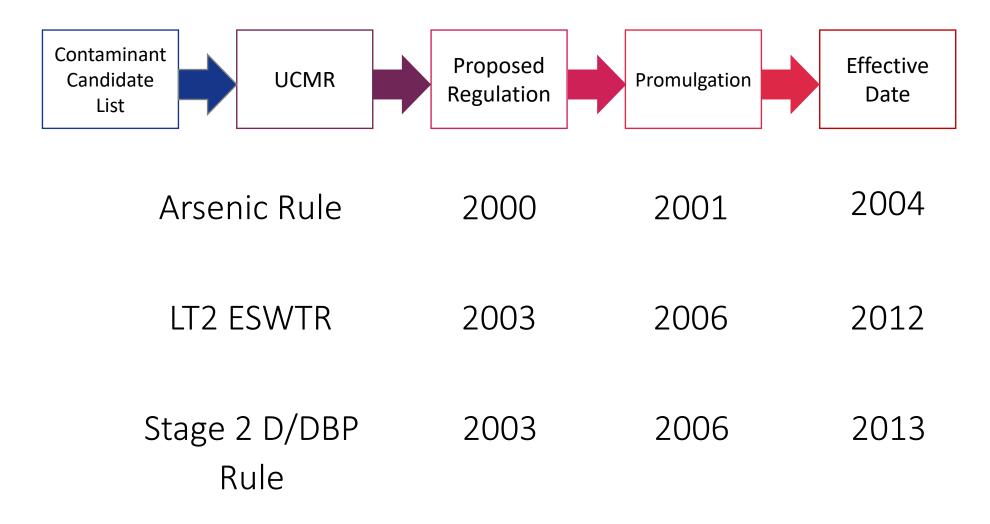
### If your water had low levels of PFAS would you drink it?

Yes No Filter first Bottle water

## How Community Trust is Challenged

# Trust is a feeling. How do you want people to feel about your utility?

# The water industry has had a history of continuous improvement without panic



Today, people have become fearful about water

## Top 10 fears among Americans for 2022:

- 1. Corrupt government officials --- 62% afraid
- 2. People I love becoming seriously ill --- 60.2% afraid
- 3. Russia using nuclear weapons --- 59.6% afraid
- 4. People I love dying --- 58.1% afraid
- 5. The U.S. becoming involved in another world war 56% afraid
- 6. Pollution of drinking water --- 54.5% afraid
- 7. Not having enough money for the future --- 53.7% afraid
- 8. Economic/financial collapse --- 53.7% afraid
- 9. Pollution of oceans, rivers and lakes --- 52.5% afraid
- 10. Biological warfare --- 51.5% afraid

Our most vulnerable customers are most affected by fear



Focus groups of low-income households show they are:

- Less satisfied with the quality of their water
- More likely to have experienced water quality issues in their home
- More likely to be taking actions to address water quality risks, including boiling their water and using an alternate source (even drinking soda to avoid drinking tap water!)
- More concerned about contaminates

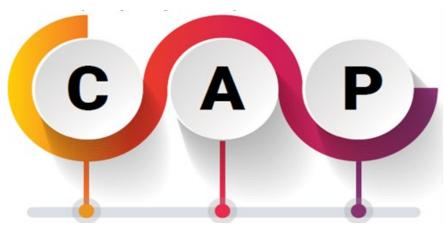
## Building & Maintaining Trust

## You are starting from a place of trust

# 80% of water bill payers trust their waterutility company.

AWWA June 2022 poll, "Public Perceptions of Tap Water"

### A Risk Communication Guide for Water Utilities (AWWA, 2019)



Caring Message Action Message Perspective Message

### Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

Meaningful and Achievable Steps You Can Take to Reduce Your Risk

#### Lakewood Water District and PFAS: What You Need to Know



Lakewood Water District has detected PFAS in groundwater at certain locations in the District's water supply system. PFAS are a group of humanmade chemicals that have the potential to adversely affect human health and the environment. The source of the PFAS in the groundwater is firefighting foam that was used at JBLM for decades.

#### WE ARE TAKING ACTION NOW TO:



#### Protect Your Health

Your water continues to be safe to drink. The water delivered to customers' taps meets all state and federal drinking water regulations to protect public health.



#### **Reduce Cost**

The District is seeking every avenue of funding to help pay for water quality protection projects necessary to respond to PFAS.



#### **Ensure a Reliable Water Future**

Future reliable water supply options are being evaluated by a team of engineers. The most cost- effective measures will be pursued.



#### **Find Long-Term Solutions**

District leadership is working closely with the State of Washington and others on new rules for water treatment and the long-term cleanup of PFAS sites.

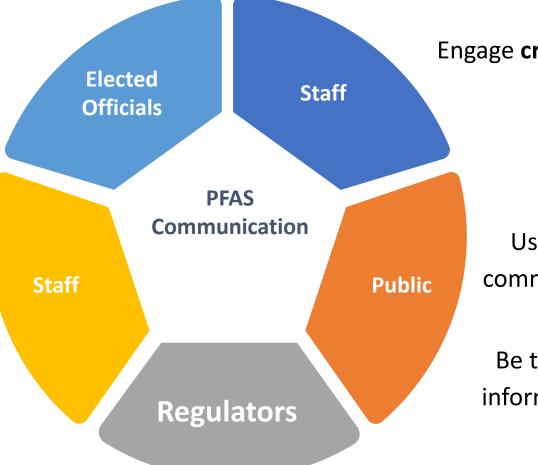
Learn more: www.LakewoodWater.Org • (253) 588-4423

### Be flexible and adaptable in your response

Keep elected officials informed

on the topic and actions underway to address the issue.

Educate and train **staff** about PFAS and how to speak with customers.



Engage **credible third-party experts** to help tell the story.

Use **engaging and informative** communication tools and methods.

Be the **primary source** of information on PFAS issues.

Prepare for **public notice requirements**.

## Questions?