



Idaho Water Utilities Council  
Pacific Northwest Section and Intermountain Section

American Water Works Association  
8248 West Victory Road, P.O. Box 7488 / Boise, Idaho 83707-1488  
208-362-1799 / Fax 208-362-3858

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## PNWS-AWWA 2018 Spring Trustee Meeting

### Idaho WUC Report

TO: Board of Trustees PNWS AWWA

COPIES: Kari Duncan, Association  
Director/PNWS AWWA

Kyle Kihs, Executive  
Director/PNWS AWWA

FROM: John Wiskus, Chair IWUC

DATE: April 19, 2018

#### Idaho Water Utility Council (IWUC) Mission and Goals

The Mission of the Idaho Water Utilities Council is to promote public policies, legislation, and regulations that ensure an adequate quantity of high quality potable water at the lowest economic and environmental cost.

Goals of the Idaho Water Utilities Council include:

- 1) *To provide for networking among Idaho water utilities*
- 2) *To facilitate coordinated action by the Idaho utilities, such as: (a) identify issues, (b) develop position papers, (c) provide testimony at public hearings, and (d) draft legislation*
- 3) *To monitor potential legislation and regulations*
- 4) *To work with associated interests to develop coalitions*
- 5) *To promote public awareness*

We will continue to revisit the Section's Strategic Plan from time to time to assess how our goals and mission statement align with the Section's Strategic Plan.

## **Membership/Meetings**

The IWUC is open to all utilities whether or not they are an AWWA member. Meetings are held on the second Wednesday of the month from 11:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. at the SUEZ Marden Water Treatment Plant in Boise. The IWUC held six regular meetings over the past twelve months with an attendance of 8 to 12 members. We continue with success using a call-in feature to our monthly meetings for those who are unable to travel.

## **2018 Idaho State Legislature**

The 80-day 2018 Session of the Idaho State Legislature convened on January 8, 2018 and adjourned on March 28, 2018. Much of the Legislative Session focused on tax relief, education, and health care. Water and environment issues tracked in the Legislature by the IWUC are noted in the IDEQ and IDWR summaries below.

## **AWWA 2018 Fly-In**

Idaho was represented by Robert Bohling/City of Falls this year. The Fly-In was held April 18 - 19, 2018. This year's Position Papers provided by AWWA included:

1. Keep the momentum going in water infrastructure investment
2. Support cooperative conservation measures in the 2018 Farm Bill

(See attached AWWA Position Papers)

Idaho's congressional delegation contacts included:

Senator Mike Crapo, R – Environment and Public Works Committee

Senator Jim Risch, R – Committee on Energy and Natural Resources

Representative Mike Simpson, R – Budget and Appropriations Committees

Representative Raul Labrador, R - Natural Resources and Government Oversight and Reform Committees

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### **Idaho Department of Environmental Quality (IDEQ)**

The IWUC maintains an open and interactive dialogue with the IDEQ through their attendance at our monthly meetings. This year the IWUC tracked two key bills, HCR 035 and HCR 037, that were introduced into Committee. Both bills targeted removing the annual testing requirements for Cross Connection Control devices. HCR 035 was introduced into the House Environment, Energy, & Technology Committee by Representative Lance Clow from Twin Falls, Idaho. This bill would have removed the annual testing requirements from the Idaho Rules for Public Drinking Water Systems. (See attached) The Committee received numerous letters in opposition and heard public testimony against the bill from the Association of Idaho Cities (AIC), Idaho Rural Water Association (IRWA), and several public water systems including the City of Twin Falls and SUEZ, also members of the IWUC. The IWUC submitted a formal letter to the Committee in opposition to the bill. (See attached) This bill was ultimately held in Committee by a vote of 10 – 6.

HCR 037 was also introduced into the House Business Committee by Representative Lance Clow from Twin Falls, Idaho. This bill would have removed the annual testing requirements from the Idaho State Plumbing Code. The IWUC submitted a formal letter in opposition to HCR 037 to the Committee. (See attached) Based on the results of the public testimony regarding HCR 035, Representative Clow elected to pull HCR 037 from Committee.

Although we believe this challenge has ended we understand there is a possibility that IDEQ may be encouraged to enter negotiated rule making regarding this issue. At this time, the IWUC has taken the position that we do not believe there is a need to enter negotiated rule making. We will continue to monitor this potential challenge to the rules.

### **Idaho Department of Water Resources (IDWR)**

This has been a reasonably wet spring for Idaho resulting in some late increases to the snowpack in many of the basins throughout the state. We do not anticipate issues with water supply this season.

As with the IDEQ, the IWUC maintains an open and interactive dialogue with the IDWR through their attendance at our monthly meetings. Much of our discussion centers around

water rights, Ground Water Districts, Groundwater Management Areas, Groundwater Management Districts, Water Measurement Districts, Critical Groundwater Areas, Areas of Drilling Concern, and Managed Recharge. This year the IWUC tracked fifteen pieces of legislation with IDWR during the 2018 Legislature. (See attached)

### **2018-2019 IWUC Focus and Planning**

1. 2018-2019 Water Supply Status
2. 2019 AWWA Fly-In
3. State and Federal Drinking Water Legislation
4. IWUC Mission, Vision, and Network Expansion

This is a brief overview of this past year's activities and our planned focus for the coming year.

Respectfully,

John Wiskus, Chair, IWUC



## **Keep the momentum going in water infrastructure investment**

### **Actions Requested:**

- Pass H.R. 4492/S. 2329 to reauthorize and boost funding for the Water Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (WIFIA)
- Support a doubling of appropriations for the drinking water state revolving loan fund program to \$1.7 billion

### **Background**

The AWWA study “Buried No Longer” analyzed the history of investment in water infrastructure in the United States, the types of pipe material used and the lifespan of those materials. It took that data to forecast future pipe failure and the cost of replacement. “Buried No Longer” found that the U.S. will need to invest \$1 trillion in the next 25 years to maintain our current level of service and to serve a growing population. About 54 percent of those water infrastructure needs will be for replacement of aging pipes and 46 percent is needed to address population growth and movement. Wastewater infrastructure needs have been historically about equal to those for drinking water.

Even EPA’s latest needs survey – which historically provides much lower dollar figures because it is survey-based and focused primarily on serving the SRF program – estimates that in the next 20 years, the U.S. will need to invest \$313 billion in pipelines, \$83 billion in treatment facilities, \$48 billion in storage infrastructure and \$22 billion in source water facilities.

### **WIFIA**

AWWA and other members of the water community deeply appreciate the confidence that Congress expressed in the WIFIA program in the FY2018 omnibus budget bill by boosting funding to \$63 million. The \$30 million that Congress appropriated the previous year was leveraged at a ratio of 92:1, meaning that for every dollar appropriated, WIFIA was able to loan \$92.

Congress created WIFIA in June 2014, but the program did not receive funding to make loans until FY2017. Therefore, it is just now showing what it can do. After the first notice of funding availability, EPA’s WIFIA office received 43 letters of interest from utilities and similar entities across the country about potential WIFIA loans. From those, 12 entities were invited to proceed to the formal application process. Those 12 projects will receive \$2.3 billion in loans, and since

WIFIA supports no more than 49 percent of a project's costs, that means \$5.1 billion in infrastructure investment will occur. EPA estimates this will impact 20 million people in nine states in small, medium and large communities. Consider the impact the \$63 million provided in FY2018 can have.

However, authorization for WIFIA expires at the end of FY2019. It would be a real setback to addressing the nation's water infrastructure needs if this efficient program were to go away. Fortunately, there is bipartisan legislation in both houses of Congress now to reauthorize the program and increase its authorized funding. That legislation is H.R. 4492 and S. 2329, the Water Finance and Innovation Reauthorization Act. We thank Reps. Brian Mast of Florida, Sens. Patrick Maloney of New York, Bob Gibbs of Ohio, Julia Brownley of California and Sens. John Hoeven of North Dakota and Cory Booker of New Jersey for their leadership on WIFIA reauthorization.

The bills would also jump-start implementation of the WIFIA program authorized for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

**State revolving loan funds (SRFs)**

The SRF program for drinking water systems has provided much-needed support, primarily for small to medium-sized projects or communities, since 1996. This program is able to provide special assistance for particularly distressed communities, such as negative-interest loans or principal forgiveness. State water agencies use a portion of the annual capitalization funds to help administer the federal Safe Drinking Water Act. It is vital that this successful program be maintained and strengthened. We appreciate the \$300 million boost each SRF program received in the FY2018 omnibus bill. However, the need for the assistance the SRFs can provide remains. We therefore request that the drinking water SRF program be funded at \$1.7 billion for FY2019.

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**American Water Works  
Association**

*Dedicated to the World's Most Important Resource™*

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1300 Eye Street NW  
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## **Support cooperative conservation measures in the 2018 Farm Bill**

### **Actions Requested:**

- Support funding for the conservation title in the 2018 Farm Bill at least at the current level of about \$6 billion.
- Support efforts to emphasize source water protection as part of the U.S. Department of Agriculture's overall water quality and water quantity mission because of the public health concern when drinking water sources are contaminated by agricultural runoff.

### **Background**

Conservation programs at USDA can have a profound effect on the quality of our nation's waters. However, AWWA strongly believes in conservation activities in which water utilities and the communities they serve work in a *cooperative* manner with agricultural producers in their watersheds. In that light, we seek to include language in the Administration Section of the Food Security Act of 1985 affecting all conservation programs that would do four things (language attached):

1. Emphasize the importance of protection of sources of potable water.
2. Authorize the Secretary to work with drinking water utilities and State Technical Committees to identify local priority areas in each state.
3. Provide additional cost share and incentives for practices that have significant downstream water quality/quantity benefits but little on-farm benefit.
4. Target 10% of Conservation Title funds to protecting sources of potable water

### **Collaborative Approaches**

Cooperative, collaborative, and innovative programs such as the Regional Conservation Partnership Program (RCPP) are a critical component of the conservation title. RCPP, established in the 2014 Farm Bill, includes several provisions that offer additional, more targeted, tools to help agricultural producers undertake effective nutrient management activities in critical watersheds to improve local water quality. RCPP also encourages partnerships between agricultural producers and municipal entities such as water and wastewater utilities and non-governmental organizations to help farmers manage nutrients more effectively. AWWA would like to see the following improvements made to RCPP:

- Increase mandatory funding for the program
- Specifically authorize source water protection as an eligible activity
- Give PL-566, The Watershed and Flood Prevention Program, the same flexibility as other donor programs within RCPP

Examples of current cooperative projects

Mills River Source Water Protection, North Carolina

Project Value: \$1.5 million (including match)

The goal of this project is to help protect 85,000 people in the North Carolina cities of Hendersonville, Asheville, and surrounding counties who depend on the Mills River for their drinking water. Activities will include streambank restoration and construction of an agrichemical handling facility. Other project activities will involve cattle operations where bank sloping, riparian fencing, and off-channel watering tanks will be implemented.

Otter Lake Source Water Protection Effort, Illinois

Project Value: \$1.7 million (including match)

Otter Lake lies in the heart of Illinois corn and soybean country; about 20 miles southwest of Springfield. The 765-acre lake's primary importance is as a source of drinking water for 14,500 rural residents. The lake has experienced excessive levels of sedimentation, and nutrients have brought about algae blooms and phosphorus loading. Project partners will pre-identify sites where conservation is needed. Then, working with producers, they will use high-tech precision conservation tools to further refine the areas needing work down to the sub-field level.

Milford Lake Watershed RCPP Project, Kansas

Project Value: >\$8 million (including match)

Milford Lake, the largest lake in Kansas, serves as a source of drinking water for about 800,000 people and provides habitat for many types of aquatic and terrestrial wildlife. In recent years, an annual formation of harmful algal blooms has hurt the lake's ability to serve as a reliable water source as well as habitat for wildlife. This project is one of the largest efforts undertaken within the Milford Lake Watershed to bring together partners to work with NRCS on implementation of conservation practices to reduce nutrient runoff.

Suggested legislative language:

**SOURCE WATER PROTECTION THROUGH TARGETING OF AGRICULTURE PRACTICES**

- (a) In general. —In carrying out any conservation program administered by the Secretary, the Secretary shall encourage water quality and quantity practices that protect sources of potable water (including protecting against public health threats) while mutually benefiting agricultural producers.
- (b) Collaboration with drinking water utilities and increased incentives. —In encouraging practices under subparagraph (a) the Secretary shall—
  - (1) work collaboratively with drinking water utilities and State Technical Committees to identify local priority areas; and
  - (2) for water quality practices that primarily result in off-farm benefits, offer increased incentives and higher cost share rates to producers.
- (c) For each of the fiscal years 2019 through 2023, at least 10% of funds or acres of any conservation program administered by the Secretary shall be made available to protecting sources of potable water.

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or taste and odor control, when the source(s) is known to be free of microbial contamination, must ensure that chlorine residual entering the distribution system after treatment is less than four (4.0) mg/L. The requirements in Subsection 552.04.b.ii. also apply if the system maintains a chlorine residual in the distribution system. (3-30-07)

**05. Fluoridation.** (12-1-92)

**a.** Commercial sodium fluoride, sodium silico fluoride and hydrofluosilicic acid which conform to the applicable American Water Works Association (AWWA) Standards, incorporated by reference into these rules at Subsection 002.01, are acceptable. Use of other chemicals shall be specifically approved by the Department. (3-30-07)

**b.** Fluoride compounds shall be stored in covered or unopened shipping containers. (3-30-07)

**c.** Provisions shall be made to minimize the quantity of fluoride dust. Empty bags, drums, or barrels shall be disposed of in a manner that will minimize exposure to fluoride dusts. (3-30-07)

**d.** Daily records of flow and amounts of fluoride added shall be kept. An analysis for fluoride in finished water shall be made at least weekly. Records of these analyses shall be kept by the supplier of water for five (5) years. (12-10-92)

**06. Cross Connection Control Program - Community Water Systems.** The water purveyor is responsible through its cross connection control program to take reasonable and prudent measures to protect the water system against contamination and pollution from cross connections through premises isolation, internal or in-plant isolation, fixture protection, or some combination of premises isolation, internal isolation, and fixture protection. Pursuant to Section 543, all suppliers of water for community water systems shall implement a cross connection control program to prevent the entrance to the system of materials known to be toxic or hazardous. The water purveyor is responsible to enforce the system's cross connection control program. The program will at a minimum include: (4-7-11)

**a.** An inspection program to locate cross connections and determine required suitable protection. For new connections, suitable protection must be installed prior to providing water service. (5-8-09)

**b.** Required installation and operation of adequate backflow prevention assemblies. Appropriate and adequate backflow prevention assembly types for various facilities, fixtures, equipment, and uses of water should be selected from the AWWA Pacific Northwest Section Cross Connection Control Manual, the Uniform Plumbing Code, the AWWA Recommended Practice for Backflow Prevention and Cross Connection Control (M14), the USC Foundation Manual of Cross Connection Control, or other sources deemed acceptable by the Department. The assemblies must meet the requirements of Section 543 and comply with local ordinances. (4-4-13)

**c.** Annual inspections and testing of all installed backflow prevention assemblies by a tester licensed by a licensing authority recognized by the Department. Testing shall be done in accordance with the test procedures published by the University of Southern California Foundation for Cross-Connection Control and Hydraulic Research. See the USC Foundation Manual of Cross-Connection Control referenced in Subsection 002.02. (4-7-11)

**d.** Discontinuance of service to any structure, facility, or premises where suitable backflow protection has not been provided for a cross connection. (4-7-11)

**e.** Assemblies that cannot pass annual tests or those found to be defective shall be repaired, replaced, or isolated within ten (10) business days. If the failed assembly cannot be repaired, replaced, or isolated within ten (10) business days, water service to the failed assembly shall be discontinued. (4-4-13)

**07. Cross Connection Control - Non-Community Water Systems.** All suppliers of water for non-community water systems shall ensure that cross connections do not exist or are isolated from the potable water system by an approved backflow prevention assembly. Backflow prevention assemblies shall be inspected and tested annually for functionality by an Idaho licensed tester, as specified in Subsections 552.06.c. and 552.06.e. (4-4-13)

**08. Start-up Procedures For Seasonal Systems Subject To Subsections 100.01.a., c., and d.**



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February 27, 2018

Representative Dell Raybould,  
Chairman, House Environment, Energy & Technology Committee  
P.O. Box 83720  
Boise, ID 83720-0038

Subject: HCR 035

Honorable Chairman Raybould and Committee Members,

The Idaho Water Utilities Council (IWUC) wishes to express its opposition to current House Bill HCR 035 regarding backflow prevention for drinking water systems, and more specifically the importance of annual backflow assembly inspection and testing requirements.

Backflow is the unwanted flow of used or non-potable water, or any other substances from domestic, industrial, or piping systems back into a potable drinking water system. Contamination from one failed backflow device can impact an entire public drinking water system, potentially resulting in a public health crisis for a community, its citizens, and its water supplier. Backflow prevention assemblies help provide reasonable protection against contaminating a citizen's or community's water supply. These backflow assemblies are installed in various settings for different threat levels. They are installed within buildings; on irrigation systems, typically fed by surface water sources in Idaho; and at connection points between private premise lines and the public water system. Sediment, debris, freeze/thaw events, improper winterization blow-out/installation practices, and chemicals from these sources can interfere with the proper function of a backflow assembly, contributing to potential contamination occurrences if backflow devices are not maintained regularly and verified in proper working condition.

We believe this proposed legislation circumvents this critical verification process that in turn increases risk to public health resulting in a large step backwards in protecting public drinking water. We strongly recommend that the Idaho Legislature reject the proposed bill in its entirety.

One of our objections to HCR 035 is that it eliminates an established annual testing process that results in inspection and verification of backflow prevention assemblies needed to protect against

system contamination. To ensure drinking water systems are protected from contamination, drinking water providers are required by the Environmental Protection Agency's *Safe Drinking Water Act* to take reasonable and prudent measures to operate and maintain public drinking water systems in a safe manner.

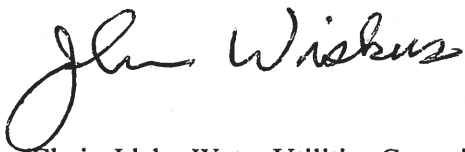
From a public health perspective, we are very concerned with the proposed elimination of annual backflow assembly inspection and testing. The existing rule under *Idaho Administrative Code 58.01.08*, which requires annual inspections and testing of all installed backflow prevention assemblies, was established on multiple code and industry leader recommendations; referenced, for example, Uniform Plumbing Code, American Water Works Association, and University of Southern California Foundation for Cross Connection Control and Hydraulic Research. We agree and support recommendations of these and other like entities.

The IWUC is comprised of water utilities throughout the state who reside in the Pacific Northwest Section and the Intermountain Section of the American Water Works Association. The IWUC represents a broad group of public water systems large and small, urban and rural, throughout Idaho. These water systems depend on installation and proper function of backflow prevention assemblies. The mission of the IWUC is to promote public policies, legislation, and regulations that ensure an adequate quantity of safe, high quality potable water at the lowest economic cost for these systems.

The IWUC strongly recommends that the Idaho Legislature reject HCR 035 and uphold existing Administrative Rules, including annual testing of backflow prevention assemblies, and vote no on HCR 035. Thank you for your consideration.

Respectfully,

John Wiskus, PE



Chair, Idaho Water Utilities Council  
PNWS-IMS American Water Works Association

cc: Representative Scott Bedke, Speaker of the House  
Senator Brent Hill, President Pro Tempore  
Representative Jeff Thompson, Committee Vice Chairman  
Representative Elaine Smith, Committee Member  
Representative Stephen Hartgen, Committee Member  
Representative John Vander Woude, Committee Member  
Representative Neil Anderson, Committee Member  
Representative Robert Anderst, Committee Member  
Representative Ron Mendive, Committee Member

Representative Greg Chaney, Committee Member  
Representative Ronald Nate, Committee Member  
Representative Don Cheatham, Committee Member  
Representative Wendy Horman, Committee Member  
Representative Luke Malek, Committee Member  
Representative Dorothy Moon, Committee Member  
Representative Heather Scott, Committee Member  
Representative Barbara Ehardt, Committee Member  
Representative Ilana Rubel, Committee Member  
Representative Barbieri, Chairman-Business Committee  
Senator Lee Heider, Chairman-Commerce and Human Resources  
Senator Jim Patrick, Chairman-Health and Welfare  
Representative Lance Clow, Committee Vice Chairman-Business Committee  
Lorrie Byerly, Committee Secretary



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February 27, 2018

Representative Vito Barbieri  
Chairman, House Business Committee  
P.O. Box 83720  
Boise, ID 83720-0038

Subject: HCR 037

Honorable Chairman Barbieri and Committee Members,

The Idaho Water Utilities Council (IWUC) wishes to express its opposition to current House Bill HCR 037 regarding backflow prevention for drinking water systems, and more specifically the importance of annual backflow assembly inspection and testing requirements.

Backflow is the unwanted flow of used or non-potable water, or any other substances from domestic, industrial, or piping systems back into a potable drinking water system. Contamination from one failed backflow device can impact an entire public drinking water system, potentially resulting in a public health crisis for a community, its citizens, and its water supplier. Backflow prevention assemblies help provide reasonable protection against contaminating a citizen's or community's water supply. These backflow assemblies are installed in various settings for different threat levels. They are installed within buildings; on irrigation systems, typically fed by surface water sources in Idaho; and at connection points between private premise lines and the public water system. Sediment, debris, freeze/thaw events, improper winterization blow-out/installation practices, and chemicals from these sources can interfere with the proper function of a backflow assembly, contributing to potential contamination occurrences if backflow devices are not maintained regularly and verified in proper working condition.

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One of our objections to HCR 037 is that it eliminates an established annual testing process that results in inspection and verification of backflow prevention assemblies needed to protect against system contamination. To ensure drinking water systems are protected from contamination,

drinking water providers are required by the Environmental Protection Agency's *Safe Drinking Water Act* to take reasonable and prudent measures to operate and maintain public drinking water systems in a safe manner.

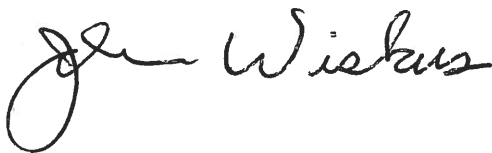
From a public health perspective, we are very concerned with the proposed elimination of annual backflow assembly inspection and testing. The existing rule under *Idaho Administrative Code 07.02.06*, which by reference requires annual inspections and testing, as outlined in the Idaho Plumbing Code Subsections 603.2 and 603.4.2, of all installed backflow prevention assemblies, was established on multiple code and industry leader recommendations; referenced, for example, Uniform Plumbing Code, American Water Works Association, and the University of Southern California Foundation for Cross Connection Control and Hydraulic Research. We agree and support recommendations of these and other like entities.

The IWUC is comprised of water utilities throughout the state who reside in the Pacific Northwest Section and the Intermountain Section of the American Water Works Association. The IWUC represents a broad group of public water systems large and small, urban and rural, throughout Idaho. These water systems depend on installation and proper function of backflow prevention assemblies. The mission of the IWUC is to promote public policies, legislation, and regulations that ensure an adequate quantity of safe, high quality potable water at the lowest economic cost for these systems.

The IWUC strongly recommends that the Idaho Legislature reject HCR 037 and uphold existing Administrative Rules including annual testing of backflow prevention assemblies, and vote no on HCR 037. Thank you for your consideration.

Respectfully,

John Wiskus, PE

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "John Wiskus". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looping initial "J".

Chair, Idaho Water Utilities Council  
PNWS-IMS American Water Works Association

cc: Representative Scott Bedke, Speaker of the House  
Senator Brent Hill, President Pro Tempore  
Representative Lance Clow, Committee Vice Chairman  
Representative Gary Collins, Committee Member  
Representative Brent Crane, Committee Member  
Representative Joe Palmer, Committee Member  
Representative Jeff Thompson, Committee Member  
Representative Jason Monks, Committee Member  
Representative Sage Dixon, Committee Member

Representative Caroline Troy, Committee Member  
Representative Thyra Stevenson, Committee Member  
Representative Randy Armstrong, Committee Member  
Representative Gayann DeMordaunt, Committee Member  
Representative Dustin Manwaring, Committee Member  
Representative Jarom Wagoner, Committee Member  
Representative Elaine Smith, Committee Member  
Representative Hy Kloc, Committee Member  
Representative Sally Toone, Committee Member  
Representative Dell Raybould, Chairman-Environment, Energy and Technology  
Senator Jim Patrick, Chairman-Health and Welfare  
Senator Lee Heider, Chairman-Commerce and Human Resources  
Secretary Joyce McKenzie, Committee Secretary

**IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES  
LEGISLATIVE UPDATE (2018)**

Updated April 2, 2018

*The legislature adjourned Sine Die on March 28, 2018.*

RS/Bill	TITLE	I.C.	STATEMENT OF PURPOSE/SUMMARY	STATUS
<p>25629 <a href="#">HB372</a></p>	<p>Transfer Application Fees for Updating Certain Elements of a Water Right</p>	<p>42-221</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sometimes water right owners need to file transfers to update their water rights to reflect the actual water use but there will be no physical change to their water use. For example, they may need to change the legal description of their point of diversion but there will be no physical change to the location of their point of diversion. Currently, such transfers can cost hundreds or thousands of dollars. This legislation amends Section 42-221, Idaho Code to charge a flat \$50.00 fee to update the elements of a water right when there has been no physical change to the water use. The Department is proposing to lower the fee for this type of transfer to encourage water right owners to keep their water right information accurate and up to date.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1/17/18 IDWR presented to H Res &amp; Cons committee meeting</li> <li>• 1/18/18 Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to JRA for printing</li> <li>• 1/19/18 Reported printed and referred to H Res &amp; Cons</li> <li>• 1/30/18 Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> Reading</li> <li>• 1/31/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 2/1/18 U.C. to hold place on 3<sup>rd</sup> reading calendar on legislative day</li> <li>• 2/5/18 Read 3<sup>rd</sup> time in full – Passed 70-0-0, title apvd – to Senate</li> <li>• 2/6/18 Received from the House passed, filed for 1<sup>st</sup> reading. Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to S Res &amp; Env</li> <li>• 2/15/18 Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 2/16/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 2/26/18 Read 3<sup>rd</sup> time in full – Passed 33-0-2, title apvd – to House</li> <li>• 2/27/18 Returned from Senate Passed, to JRA for enrolling</li> <li>• 2/28/18 Reported enrolled, signed by Speaker, transmitted to Senate. Received from the House enrolled/signed by Speaker, signed by President, returned to House</li> </ul>



RS/Bill	TITLE	I.C.	STATEMENT OF PURPOSE/SUMMARY	STATUS
25630 <a href="#">HB371</a>	Critical Ground Water Areas	42-233a	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• This legislation amends Section 42-233a, Idaho Code by: 1) clarifying that the Director shall not curtail a participant in an approved water management plan within a critical ground water area so long as the participant is in compliance with the approved water management plan, and 2) removing the last sentence of the second-to-last paragraph which requires the Director to determine if there is sufficient ground water and issue a curtailment order by September 1 of the year prior to the subject year.</li> <li>• This legislation will make curtailment in a Critical Ground Water Area the same as curtailment in a Ground Water Management Area, providing more clarity and certainty to water users during times of administration.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3/1/18 Returned signed by the President, ordered transmitted to Governor</li> <li>• 3/2/2018 Delivered to Governor at 10:20 a.m. on March 1, 2018</li> <li>• 3/7/18 Reported signed by Governor on March 7, 2018, effective 7/1/2018</li> <li>• 1/17/18 IDWR presented to H Res &amp; Cons committee meeting</li> <li>• 1/18/18 Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to JRA for printing</li> <li>• 1/19/18 Reported printed and referred to H Res &amp; Cons</li> <li>• 1/30/18 Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> Reading</li> <li>• 1/31/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 2/1/18 U.C. to hold place on 3<sup>rd</sup> reading calendar on legislative day</li> <li>• 2/5/18 Read 3<sup>rd</sup> time in full – Passed 70-0-0, title apvd – to Senate</li> <li>• 2/6/18 Received from the House passed, filed for 1<sup>st</sup> reading. Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to S Res &amp; Env</li> <li>• 2/15/18 Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 2/16/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 2/26/18 Read 3<sup>rd</sup> time in full – Passed 23-10-2, title apvd – to House</li> <li>• 2/27/18 Returned from Senate Passed, to JRA for enrolling</li> <li>• 2/28/18 Reported enrolled, signed by Speaker, transmitted to Senate. Received from the House enrolled/signed by Speaker, signed by President, returned to House</li> </ul>

RS/BILL	TITLE	I.C.	STATEMENT OF PURPOSE/SUMMARY	STATUS
25688 <a href="#">HB370</a>	Water District Meetings and Elections	42-605	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This legislation amends Section 42-605, Idaho Code to lengthen the period of time in which a state water district can hold annual meetings and to clarify the practice for absentee voting and proxy voting.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3/1/18 Returned signed by the President, ordered transmitted to Governor</li> <li>3/2/2018 Delivered to Governor at 10:20 a.m. on March 1, 2018</li> <li>3/7/18 Reported signed by Governor on March 7, 2018, effective 7/1/2018</li> <li>1/17/18 IDWR presented to H Res &amp; Cons committee meeting</li> <li>1/18/18 Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to JRA for printing</li> <li>1/19/18 Reported printed and referred to H Res &amp; Cons</li> <li>1/30/18 Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> Reading</li> <li>1/31/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading</li> <li>2/1/18 U.C. to hold place on 3<sup>rd</sup> reading calendar on legislative day</li> <li>2/5/18 Read 3<sup>rd</sup> time in full – Passed 69-0-1, title apvd – to Senate</li> <li>2/6/18 Received from the House passed, filed for 1<sup>st</sup> reading. Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to S Res &amp; Env</li> <li>2/15/18 Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>2/16/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading</li> <li>2/26/18 Read 3<sup>rd</sup> time in full – Passed 33-0-2, title apvd – to House</li> <li>2/27/18 Returned from Senate Passed, to JRA for enrolling</li> <li>2/28/18 Reported enrolled, signed by Speaker, transmitted to Senate. Received from the House enrolled/signed by Speaker, signed by President, returned to House</li> </ul>

				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3/1/18 Returned signed by the President, ordered transmitted to Governor</li> <li>• 3/2/2018 Delivered to Governor at 10:20 a.m. on March 1, 2018</li> <li>• 3/7/18 Reported signed by Governor on March 7, 2018, effective 7/1/2018</li> </ul>
<b>RS/Bill</b>	<b>TITLE</b>	<b>I.C.</b>	<b>STATEMENT OF PURPOSE/SUMMARY</b>	<b>STATUS</b>
25805 <a href="#">HB420</a>	Electronic Publication of Legal Notices	60-106B	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• This legislation creates a new section to Title 60, Chapter 1, designated as 60-106B, which provides that governmental entities that are required to publish legal notices, advertisements or publications may publish them electronically on their official website in lieu of having them printed in a newspaper.</li> <li>• This legislation will greatly reduce the publication fees paid by governmental entities.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1/26/18 Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to JRA for printing</li> <li>• 1/29/18 Reported printed and referred to State Affairs</li> </ul>
<b>RS/Bill</b>	<b>TITLE</b>	<b>I.C.</b>	<b>STATEMENT OF PURPOSE/SUMMARY</b>	<b>STATUS</b>
26129 <a href="#">HB550</a>	Flood Control District Commissioners Removal and Replacement Process	42-3109	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• This legislation amends Section 42-3109, Idaho Code to provide a process for the removal and replacement of a Flood Control District Commissioner.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2/12/18 Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to JRA for printing</li> <li>• 2/13/18 Reported printed and referred to H Res &amp; Con</li> <li>• 2/20/18 Reported out of Committee, recommend place on General Orders</li> <li>• 2/23/18 Referred to the Committee of the Whole, reported out without recommendation as amended. Amendments referred to JRA for printing. Bill as Amended referred to JRA for engrossing</li> <li>• 2/26/18 Reported engrossed, filed for 1<sup>st</sup> reading of engrossed bills, read 1<sup>st</sup> time as amended, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 2/27/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time as amended, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 2/28/18 U.C. to hold place on 3<sup>rd</sup> reading calendar 1 legislative day</li> <li>• 3/1/18 Read 3<sup>rd</sup> time in full as amended – Passed 69-0-1, titled apvd – to Senate</li> <li>• 3/2/18 Received from the House passed, filed for 1<sup>st</sup> reading. Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to S Res &amp; Env</li> </ul>

				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 3/7/18 Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, Filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 3/8/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 3/12/18 Read 3<sup>rd</sup> time in full, Passed 35-0-0, titled apvd – to House</li> <li>• 3/13/18 Returned from Senate Passed, to JRA for enrolling</li> <li>• 3/14/18 Reported enrolled, signed by Speaker, transmitted to Senate</li> <li>• 3/15/18 Received from the House enrolled/signed by Speaker. Signed by President, returned to House</li> <li>• 3/16/18 Returned signed by President, Ordered transmitted to Governor</li> <li>• 3/16/18 Delivered to Governor at 10:20 a.m.</li> <li>• 3/20/18 Reported signed by Governor on March 20, 2018, effective 7/1/2018.</li> </ul>
<b>RS/Bill</b>	<b>TITLE</b>	<b>I.C.</b>	<b>STATEMENT OF PURPOSE/SUMMARY</b>	<b>STATUS</b>
26191 <a href="#">H603</a>	Proof of Beneficial Use for Stockwater Rights Issued to Federal Agencies	42-501, 42-503, 42-504, 42-505, 42-506	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• This legislation provides that within 90 days following the enactment of bill, the Director of IDWR shall (a) Compile a list of all stockwater rights held by a federal agency; and (b) Submit the list of stockwater rights to the federal agency along with an order to the federal agency to show cause before the director why the stockwater rights held by the federal agency should not be lost or forfeited pursuant to section 42-222(2), Idaho Code. The federal agency will have a right to an administrative hearing before the director if requested in writing within twenty-one (21) days from completion of service of the order to show cause. The water right is forfeited if the water right owner fails to timely request a hearing.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2/15/18 Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to JRA for printing</li> <li>• 2/16/18 Reported printed and referred to H Res &amp; Con</li> <li>• Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 2/21/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 2/22/18 U.C. to hold place on 3<sup>rd</sup> reading calendar 1 legislative day</li> <li>• 2/26/18 Read 3<sup>rd</sup> time in full – Passed 67-0-3, titled apvd – to Senate</li> </ul>

				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2/27/18 Received from the House passed, filed for 1<sup>st</sup> reading. Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to S Res &amp; Env</li> <li>• 3/5/18 Reported out of committee, to 14<sup>th</sup> Order for amendment</li> <li>• 3/8/18 Placed in the Committee of the Whole, Amendments ordered printed, reported out as amended, filed for 1<sup>st</sup> reading</li> <li>• 3/9/18 Amendments reported printed, Read 1<sup>st</sup> time as amended in Senate, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 3/12/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time as amended in the Senate, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading. Rules suspended (2/3 Vote – read in full as required) Passed 35-0-0, titled apvd – to House</li> <li>• 3/13/18 Returned from the Senate Amended, referred to H Res &amp; Con for concurrence recommendation</li> <li>• 3/16/18 Reported out of Committee and Recommend Concurrence Bill as Amended, referred to JRA for engrossing</li> <li>• 3/19/18 Reported engrossed, filed for 1<sup>st</sup> reading and engrossed bills, read 1<sup>st</sup> time as amended in Senate, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 3/20/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time as amended in Senate, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 3/21/18 U.C. to be returned to H Res &amp; Con Committee</li> </ul>
RS/Bill	TITLE	I.C.	STATEMENT OF PURPOSE/SUMMARY	STATUS
26161 <a href="#">H623</a>	Revisions to the Idaho Administrative Procedure Act Regarding	67-52	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• This legislation updates the Administrative Procedures Act, Title 67, Chapter 52, to better delineate preliminary review and initial agency actions from contested case proceedings in an effort to address concerns over due process, conflicts of interest and impartiality in contested administrative proceedings.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2/22/18 Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to JRA for printing</li> <li>• 2/23/18 Reported printed and referred to Judiciary, Rules &amp; Admin</li> </ul>

	Contested Cases			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3/2/2018 Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 3/5/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 3/6/18 Read 3<sup>rd</sup> time in full – Passed 47-23-0, title apvd – to Senate</li> <li>• 3/7/18 Received from the House passed, filled for 1<sup>st</sup> reading. Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to Judiciary &amp; Rules</li> </ul>
RS/Bill	TITLE	I.C.	STATEMENT OF PURPOSE/SUMMARY	STATUS
26329 <a href="#">H677</a>	IDWR Appropriation	67-3519	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Provides legislation for the 2019 fiscal year to appropriate \$26,461,800 from the General Fund. Full time positions are capped at 163.00.</li> <li>• The bill removes \$1,450 per eligible FTP to bring the annual employer contribution for health insurance down to \$11,650 by including a two-month employee and employer premium holiday, adds 6.8% increase for life insurance, and adjusts funding for workers' compensation in amounts that vary by agency.</li> <li>• Inflationary adjustments include \$93,700 for general and rent inflation.</li> <li>• The amount also includes \$392,200 for funding replacement computers, software, furniture, and three trucks.</li> <li>• This amount also includes \$100,500 for statewide cost allocation, as Attorney General fees will increase by \$103,200, Legislative Audit fees will increase by \$3,000, Risk Management fees with decrease by \$9,900, State Controller fees will increase by \$4,100, and State Treasurer fees will increase by \$100.</li> <li>• The amount also includes funding for a 3% ongoing merit-based increase in employee compensation for permanent employees to be distributed at the discretion of the director.</li> <li>• The amount further includes funding for seven line items: 1) 716,000 for aquifer measuring and monitoring that will be transferred to the Aquifer Planning and Management Fund; 2) 1.00 FTP and \$117,100 to hire an analyst to measure and model water use; 3) 1.00 FTP and \$72,400 to hire a grant and contract specialist due to increases in contracts at the department; 4) \$97,000 to purchase cybersecurity software and new phones; 5) \$13,800 from the General Fund and \$88,000 from the Technology Infrastructure Stabilization Fund to purchase an integrated ground water database; 6) \$2,400,000 from the General Fund to provide a portion of the costs for the Priest Lake Project as outlined in Section 5 of this bill; and 7) 1.00 FTP and \$98,800 to hire a planning position to aid the Water Resources Board in long term planning.</li> <li>• Provides legislation provides a project cap of \$5 million for the Priest Lake Project, made of up of the \$2.4 million General Fund transfer and \$2,419,600 of funding that</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3/9/17 Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to JR for printing</li> <li>• 3/12/18 Reported printed, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 3/13/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 3/14/18 Read 3<sup>rd</sup> time in full, passed 66-0-4, titled apvd – to Senate. Received from the House passed, filed for 1<sup>st</sup> reading, introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to Finance.</li> <li>• 3/15/18 Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 3/16/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 3/19/18 Read 3<sup>rd</sup> time in full – Passed 32-1-2, titled apvd to House</li> <li>• 3/20/18 Returned from Senate Passed, to JRA for enrolling</li> <li>• 3/21/18 Reported enrolled, signed by Speaker, transmitted to Senate, Received from the House enrolled/signed by Speaker. Signed by President, returned to House</li> <li>• 3/22/18 Returned signed by the President, ordered transmitted to</li> </ul>

			was originally appropriated to the Revolving Development Fund in 2005 for the Conservation Reserve Enhancement Fund (CREP).	Governor. Delivered to Governor at 9:25 a.m. on March 22, 2018 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3/23/18 Reported signed by Governor on March 23, 2018, effective 7/1/2018</li> </ul>
<b>RS/Bill</b>	<b>TITLE</b>	<b>I.C.</b>	<b>STATEMENT OF PURPOSE/SUMMARY</b>	<b>STATUS</b>
26410 <a href="#">H712</a>	Flood Management Appropriation	42-1760	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provides legislation for the 2018 fiscal year to appropriate \$1,000,000 from the General Fund to the IDWR Water Management Fund for a grant program administered by the IWRB. The grant program will offer competitive grants for flood preparation, flood response and long term flood management.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3/19/18 Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to JRA for printing.</li> <li>3/20/18 Reported printed, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>3/21/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading. Rules suspended, Read 3 times – Passed 66-0-4, titled apvd – to Senate. Received from the House passed, filed for first reading. Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to Finance. Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>3/22/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading. Rules suspended (2/3/ Vote – Red in full as required) Passed 34-0-1, titled apvd – to House. Returned from Senate Passed, to JRA for enrolling. Reported enrolled, signed by Speaker, transmitted to Senate. Received form the House enrolled/signed by Speaker. Signed by President, returned to House. Returned signed by the President, ordered transmitted to Governor</li> <li>3/23/18 Delivered to Governor at 5:17 p.m. on March 22, 2018</li> <li>3/28/18 Reported signed by Governor on March 27, 2018</li> </ul>
<b>RS/Bill</b>	<b>TITLE</b>	<b>I.C.</b>	<b>STATEMENT OF PURPOSE/SUMMARY</b>	<b>STATUS</b>
26419 <a href="#">H718</a>	Proof of Beneficial Use for Stockwater Rights Issued to	42-501, 42-403, 42-504,	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Revised version of H603.</li> <li>This legislation provides that within 90 days following the enactment of bill, the Director of IDWR shall: (a) Compile a list of all stockwater rights held by a federal agency; and (b) Submit the list of stockwater rights to the federal agency. Then, following the 90 day period, the Director shall, upon approval of the governor, submit</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3/20/18 Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to JRA for printing. Reported printed, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>3/21/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading. Rules suspended, Read 3 times</li> </ul>

	Federal Agencies	42-505, 42-506	an order to the federal agency to show cause before the Director why the stockwater rights held by the federal agency should not be lost or forfeited pursuant to section 42-222(2), Idaho Code. The federal agency will have a right to an administrative hearing before the director if requested in writing within twenty-one (21) days from completion of service of the order to show cause. The water right is forfeited if the water right owner fails to timely request a hearing.	<p>– passed 65-2-3, titled apvd – to Senate. Received from the House passed, filed for 1<sup>st</sup> reading. Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to S Res &amp; Env</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3/22/18 Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading. Rules suspended (2/3 vote – Read in full as required) Passed 31-0-4, title apvd – to House. Returned from Senate passed, to JRA for enrolling. Reported enrolled, signed by Speaker, transmitted to Senate. Received from the House enrolled/signed by Speaker. Signed by President, returned to House. Returned signed by the President, ordered transmitted to Governor</li> <li>• 3/23/18 Delivered to Governor at 5:17 p.m. on March 22, 2018</li> <li>• 3/28/18 Reported signed by Governor on March 27, 2018, effective 7/1/2018</li> </ul>
RS/Bill	TITLE	I.C.	STATEMENT OF PURPOSE/SUMMARY	STATUS
26343 <a href="#">HP1</a>	Constitutional Defense Council funds for Joyce Livestock Co. & LU Ranching Co. Attorney Fees for stockwater right case	63-6301	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• This House Proclamation recommends the use of funds from the Constitutional Defense Council Fund to reimburse the Joyce Livestock Company and the LU Ranching Company for their attorney’s fees incurred in their Supreme Court case, <i>Joyce Livestock Co. v. United States of America</i> (2007).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3/14/18 Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to JRA for printing. Reported printed and referred to State Affairs</li> <li>• 3/15/18 Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 3/16/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 3/19/18 Read 3<sup>rd</sup> time in full – Adopted - voice vote, title apvd - to Senate. Received from the House passed, filed for 1<sup>st</sup> reading. Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to State Affairs</li> <li>• 3/21/18 Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, to 10<sup>th</sup> order, held 1 legislative day</li> <li>• 3/22/18 Read in full – Adopted 28-6-1, titled apvd – to House. Returned from</li> </ul>



				Senate adopted, filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk
<b>RS/Bill</b>	<b>TITLE</b>	<b>I.C.</b>	<b>STATEMENT OF PURPOSE/SUMMARY</b>	<b>STATUS</b>
25868 <a href="#">S1260</a>	Lake Pend Oreille, Pend Oreille River, Priest Lake and Priest River Commission	39-8503	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This legislation updates I.C. 39-8503, the statute for Lake Pend Oreille, Pend Oreille River, Priest Lake and Priest River Commission, to allow the Commission to participate in proceedings related to the Columbia River Basin, including the Albeni Falls mitigation work group, the technical management team and other proceedings regarding federal Columbia River power systems operations, the Columbia River Treaty, and the Idaho Invasive Species Council.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2/1/18 Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to JRA for printing</li> <li>2/2/18 Reported printed and referred to S Res &amp; Env</li> <li>2/8/18 Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>2/9/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading</li> <li>2/14/18 Read 3<sup>rd</sup> time in full – Passed 33-1-1, title apvd – to House</li> <li>2/15/18 Received from Senate, filed for 1<sup>st</sup> reading, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to H Res &amp; Con</li> <li>2/28/18 Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>3/1/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading</li> <li>3/2/18 Read 3<sup>rd</sup> time in full – Passed 68-0-2, titled apvd – to Senate</li> <li>3/5/18 Returned from House Passed, referred to enrolling</li> <li>3/6/18 Reported enrolled, signed by President, to House for signature of Speaker</li> <li>3/7/18 Received from Senate, signed by Speaker, returned to Senate, reported signed by Speaker &amp; ordered delivered to Governor</li> <li>3/8/18 Reported delivered to Governor at 8:20 a.m. on 3/8/18</li> <li>3/13/18 Signed by Governor on 3/13/18, effective 3/13/2018</li> </ul>

RS/Bill	TITLE	I.C.	STATEMENT OF PURPOSE/SUMMARY	STATUS
25894 <a href="#">S1261</a>	Relating to Priest Lake	70-507	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• This legislation amends Section 70-507, Idaho Code to transfer supervision and control of the Priest Lake outlet structure from the Director of IDWR to the Idaho Water Resource Board.</li> <li>• This legislation also raises the maximum regulated elevation of the lake from 3.0 feet at the Priest Lake outlet gage to 3.5 feet.</li> <li>• This legislation also directs the Board to maintain the lake level at 3.0 ft during the recreation season in normal to wet years, and directs the Board to hold the lake level between 3.0 and 3.5 feet during the recreation season in dry years.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1/31/18 presented to S Res &amp; Env committee meeting</li> <li>• 2/1/18 Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to JRA for printing</li> <li>• 2/2/18 Reported printed, referred to S Res &amp; Env</li> <li>• 2/8/18 Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 2/9/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 2/16/18 Read 3<sup>rd</sup> time in full – Passed 34-0-1, title apvd – to House</li> <li>• 2/19/18 Received from the Senate, filed for 1<sup>st</sup> reading. Read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to H Res &amp; Con</li> <li>• 2/28/18 Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 3/1/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 3/2/18 Read 3<sup>rd</sup> time in full – Passed 68-0-2, titled apvd – to Senate</li> <li>• 3/5/18 Returned from House Passed, referred to enrolling</li> <li>• 3/6/18 Reported enrolled, signed by President, to House for signature of Speaker</li> <li>• 3/7/18 Received from Senate, signed by Speaker, returned to Senate, reported signed by Speaker &amp; ordered delivered to Governor</li> <li>• 3/8/18 Reported delivered to Governor at 8:20 a.m. on 3/8/18</li> <li>• 3/13/18 Signed by Governor on 3/13/18, effective 7/1/2018</li> </ul>
RS/Bill	TITLE	I.C.	STATEMENT OF PURPOSE/SUMMARY	STATUS

<p>25924C1 <a href="#">S1305</a></p>	<p>Relating to Stockwater Rights</p>	<p>42-113</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• This legislation amends Section 42-113, Idaho Code to clarify that when a federal grazing permit is transferred or conveyed to a new owner, the associated stockwater right may also be conveyed and, upon approval of an application for transfer, shall become appurtenant to the new owner's base property.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2/12/18 Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to JRA for printing</li> <li>• 2/13/18 Reported printed, referred to S Res &amp; Env</li> <li>• 2/20/18 Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 2/21/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 2/22/18 Read 3<sup>rd</sup> time in full – Passed 34-0-2, titled apvd – to House</li> <li>• 2/23/18 Received from the Senate, filed for 1<sup>st</sup> reading. Read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to H Res &amp; Con</li> <li>• 3/6/18 Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 3/7/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 3/8/18 Read 3<sup>rd</sup> time in full – Passed 68-0-2, titled apvd to Senate. Returned to House Passed, referred to enrolling</li> <li>• 3/9/18 Reported enrolled, signed by President, to House for signature of Speaker</li> <li>• 3/12/18 Received from Senate, signed by Speaker, returned to Senate</li> <li>• 3/13/18 Reported signed by the Speaker &amp; ordered delivered to Governor</li> <li>• 3/14/18 Reported delivered to Governor at 11:11 a.m. on 3/13/18</li> <li>• 3/19/18 Signed by Governor on 3/19/18, effective 7/1/2018</li> </ul>
RS/Bill	TITLE	I.C.	STATEMENT OF PURPOSE/SUMMARY	STATUS
<p>26036 <a href="#">HJM11</a></p>	<p>Columbia River Treaty</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Memorial requesting the U.S. Department of State to support certain positions in negotiations with Canada with respect to the Columbia River Treaty.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2/7/18 presented at H Res &amp; Con committee meeting. Committee voted to have memorial introduced.</li> </ul>

				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2/9/18 Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to JRA for printing</li> <li>• 2/12/18 Reported printed and referred to H Res &amp; Con</li> <li>• 2/14/18 Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, filed for 2<sup>nd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 2/15/18 Read 2<sup>nd</sup> time, filed for 3<sup>rd</sup> reading</li> <li>• 2/16/18 U.C. to hold place on 3<sup>rd</sup> reading calendar until Mon., 2/19/18</li> <li>• 2/19/18 U.C. to place at bottom of 3<sup>rd</sup> reading calendar 1 legislative day</li> <li>• 2/20/18 – 2/28/18 U.C. to hold place on 3<sup>rd</sup> reading calendar 1 legislative day</li> <li>• 3/1/18 Read 3<sup>rd</sup> time in full – Adopted – voice vote, title apvd – to Senate</li> <li>• 3/2/18 Received from the House passed, filed for 1<sup>st</sup> reading. Introduced, read 1<sup>st</sup> time, referred to S Res &amp; Env</li> <li>• 3/7/18 Reported out of Committee with Do Pass Recommendation, to 10<sup>th</sup> order, held 1 legislative day</li> <li>• 3/8/18 Read in full – Adopted – voice vote, title apvd – to House</li> <li>• 3/9/18 Returned from Senate Passed, to JRA for enrolling</li> <li>• 3/12/18 Reported enrolled, signed by Speaker, transmitted to Senate</li> <li>• 3/13/18 Received from the House enrolled/signed by Speaker, Signed by President, returned to House</li> <li>• 3/14/18 Returned signed by the President, Ordered transmitted to Secretary of State</li> <li>• 3/15/18 Delivered to Secretary of State at 10:16 a.m. on March 14, 2018</li> </ul>
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